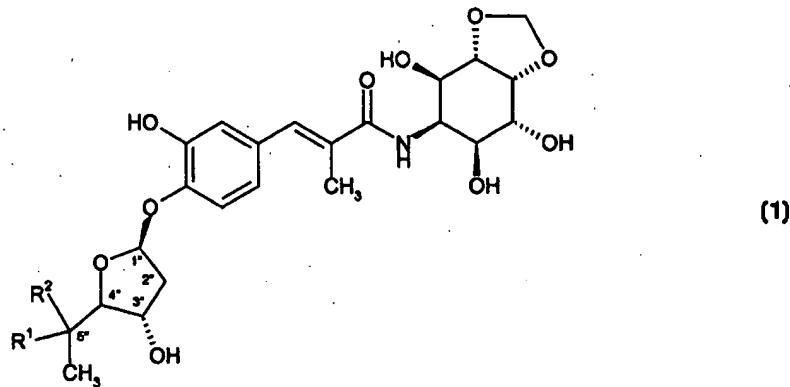




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(54) Title: 2"-DEOXY HYGROMYCIN DERIVATIVES



(57) Abstract

This invention relates to compounds of formula (1) and to pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs and solvates thereof, wherein R¹ and R² are as defined herein. The compounds of formula (1) are antibacterial and antiprotozoal agents that may be used to treat various bacterial and protozoal infections and disorders related to such infections. The invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions containing the compounds of formula (1) and to methods of treating bacterial and protozoal infections by administering the compounds of formula (1).

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2"-DEOXY HYGROMYCIN DERIVATIVESBackground Of The Invention

This invention relates to novel 2"-deoxy hygromycin A derivatives that are useful as antibacterial and antiprotozoal agents in mammals, including man, as well as in fish and birds.

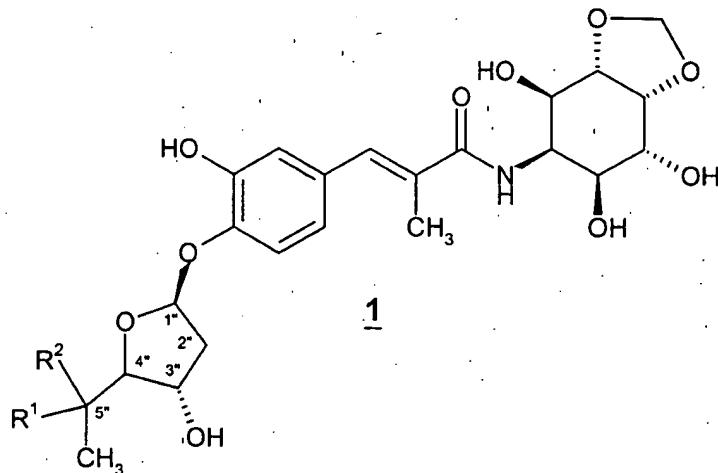
5 This invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions containing the novel compounds and to methods of treating bacterial and protozoal infections in mammals, fish and birds by administering the novel compounds to mammals, fish and birds requiring such treatment.

The compounds of the present invention may be derived from hygromycin A. Hygromycin A is a fermentation-derived natural product first isolated from *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* in 1953. As an antibiotic, hygromycin A possesses activity against human pathogens and is reported to possess potent *in vitro* activity against *Serpulina (Treponema) hyodysenteriae* which causes swine dysentery. Several references refer to semisynthetic modifications of hygromycin A, including the following: derivatization of the 5" ketone of hygromycin A to the 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone is referred to in K. Isono *et al.*, *J. Antibiotics* 1957, 10, 21, and R.L. Mann and D.O. Woolf, *J. Amer Chem. Soc.* 1957, 79, 120. K. Isono *et al.*, *ibid.*, also refer to the thiosemicarbazone at 5"; reduction of the 5" ketone of hygromycin A to the 5" alcohol is referred to in R.L. Mann and D.O. Woolf, *ibid.*, as well as in S.J. Hecker *et al.*, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 1992, 2, 533 and S.J. Hecker *et al.*, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 1993, 3, 295; furanose analogues are referred to in B.H. Jaynes *et al.*, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 1993, 3, 1531, and B.H. Jaynes *et al.*, *J. Antibiot.* 1992, 45, 1705; aromatic ring analogues are referred to in S.J. Hecker *et al.*, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 1993, 3, 289, and C.B. Cooper *et al.*, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 1997, 7, 1747; enamide analogues are referred to in S.J. Hecker *et al.*, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 1992, 2, 533; aminocyclitol analogues are referred to in S.J. Hecker *et al.*, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 1992, 2, 1015, and in S.J. Hecker *et al.*, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 1992, 2, 1043. The hygromycin derivatives of the present invention possess activity against both gram-negative and gram-positive bacteria and protozoa.

United States provisional patent application no. 60/084058, filed May 4, 1998, entitled "Hygromycin A Derivatives", (Attorney docket number PC 10057), with named inventors K. E. Brighty, R. G. Linde II, M. R. Jefson, E. L. McCormick and S. S. Guhan, also refers to hygromycin A analogues and is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention relates to compounds of the formula



and to pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs and solvates thereof wherein:

5 R¹ is H and R² is -NR³R⁴, -NR⁴C(O)R³, -OC(O)NR³R⁴ or -OR³;
 or R¹ and R² are taken together to form =O, =N-OR³, =CR⁴R³, =CR⁴C(O)R³,
 =CR⁴C(O)OR³, or =CR⁴C(O)NR³R⁴;

each R³ is independently selected from H, C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, C₂-C₁₀ alkenyl, -(CH₂)_t(C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl), -(CH₂)_t(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), and -(CH₂)_t(4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein t is an integer ranging from 0 to 5, said alkyl group optionally contains 1 or 2 hetero moieties selected from O, -S(O)_j- wherein j is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, and -N(R⁷)- with the proviso that two O atoms, two S atoms, or an O and S atom are not attached directly to each other; said cycloalkyl, aryl and heterocyclic R³ groups are optionally fused to a benzene ring, a C₅-C₈ saturated cyclic group, or a 4-10 membered heterocyclic group; the -(CH₂)_t- moieties of the foregoing R³ groups optionally include a carbon-carbon double or triple bond where t is an integer between 2 and 5; and the foregoing R³ groups, except H but including any optional fused rings referred to above, are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 R⁵ groups;

each R⁴ is independently H or C₁-C₁₀ alkyl;

each R⁵ is independently selected from C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, halo, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, azido, -OR⁶, -C(O)R⁶, -C(O)OR⁶, -NR⁷C(O)OR⁹, -OC(O)R⁶, -NR⁷SO₂R⁹, -SO₂NR⁶R⁷, -NR⁷C(O)R⁶, -C(O)NR⁶R⁷, -NR⁶R⁷, -S(O)_j(CH₂)_m(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), -S(O)_j(C₁-C₆ alkyl), wherein j is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, -(CH₂)_m(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), -O(CH₂)_m(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), -NR⁷(CH₂)_m(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), and -(CH₂)_m(4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein m is an integer ranging from 0 to 4; said alkyl group optionally contains 1 or 2 hetero moieties selected from O, -S(O)_j- wherein j is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, and -N(R⁷)- with the proviso that two O atoms, two S atoms, or an O and

S atom are not attached directly to each other; said cycloalkyl, aryl and heterocyclic R⁵ groups are optionally fused to a C₆-C₁₀ aryl group, a C₅-C₈ saturated cyclic group, or a 4-10 membered heterocyclic group; and said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl and heterocyclic R⁵ groups are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, cyano, nitro, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, azido, -NR⁷SO₂R⁹, -SO₂NR⁶R⁷, -C(O)R⁶, -C(O)OR⁶, -OC(O)R⁶, -NR⁷C(O)OR⁹, -NR⁷C(O)R⁶, -C(O)NR⁶R⁷, -NR⁶R⁷, -OR⁶, C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, -(CH₂)_m(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), and -(CH₂)_m(4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein m is an integer ranging from 0 to 4;

5 each R⁶ is independently selected from H, C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_m(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), and -(CH₂)_m(4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein m is an integer ranging from 0 to 4; said alkyl group optionally includes 1 or 2 hetero moieties selected from O, -S(O)_j- wherein j is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, and -N(R⁷)- with the proviso that two O atoms, two S atoms, or an O and S atom are not attached directly to each other; said cycloalkyl, aryl and heterocyclic R⁶ groups are optionally fused to a C₆-C₁₀ aryl group, a C₅-C₈ saturated cyclic group, or a 4-10 membered heterocyclic group; and the foregoing R⁶ substituents, except H, are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, cyano, nitro, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, azido, -C(O)R⁷, -C(O)OR⁷, -OC(O)R⁷, -NR⁷C(O)R⁸, -C(O)NR⁷R⁸, -NR⁷R⁸, hydroxy, C₁-C₆ alkyl, and C₁-C₆ alkoxy;

10 each R⁷ and R⁸ is independently H or C₁-C₆ alkyl; and,

15 R⁹ is selected from the substituents provided in the definition of R⁶ except H.

20 Preferred compounds of formula 1 include those wherein R¹ and R² are taken together to form =N-OR³, and R³ is C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₂-C₄ alkenyl, -(CH₂)_t(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) or -(CH₂)_t(4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein t is an integer ranging from 0 to 3, the heterocyclic group is optionally fused to a benzene ring, the aryl group is optionally fused to a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, and the foregoing R³ groups, including said optionally fused moieties, are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from nitro, halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, trifluoromethyl, acetamido, *tert*-butoxycarbonylamino, *tert*-butoxycarbonylaminomethyl, *tert*-butoxycarbonyl, -NR⁶R⁷, phenyl, cyclohexyl, carboxy, aminomethyl, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, piperidinyl, morpholino, phenoxy, and phenylthio.

25 Other preferred compounds of formula 1 include those wherein R¹ and R² are taken together to form =N-OR³, and R³ is -(CH₂)_t(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) or -(CH₂)_t(4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein t is an integer ranging from 0 to 3, the heterocyclic group is optionally fused to a benzene ring, the aryl group is optionally fused to a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, and the foregoing R³ groups, including said optionally fused moieties, are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from nitro, halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄

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alkyl, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethyl, acetamido, *tert*-butoxycarbonyl, *tert*-butoxycarbonylamino, -NR⁶R⁷, phenyl, cyclohexyl, carboxy, *tert*-butoxycarbonylaminomethyl, aminomethyl, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, piperidinyl, morpholino, phenoxy, and phenylthio.

Other preferred compounds of formula 1 include those wherein R¹ is H, R² is -NR³R⁴, 5 R⁴ is H or methyl, and R³ is -(CH₂)(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) or -(CH₂)(4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein t is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, and the R³ group is optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, and trifluoromethyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula 1 include those wherein R¹ is H, R² is -NR⁴C(O)R³, R⁴ is H, and R³ is C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) or -(CH₂)(4-10 membered 10 heterocyclic), wherein t is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, the aryl group is optionally fused to a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, the heterocyclic group is optionally fused to a benzene ring, and the foregoing R³ groups, including said optionally fused moieties, are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, and trifluoromethyl.

15 Other preferred compounds of formula 1 include those wherein R¹ and R² are taken together to form =CR⁴C(O)OR³ or =CR⁴C(O)NR³R⁴, R⁴ is H, and R³ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)(4-10 membered heterocyclic), or -(CH₂)(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) wherein t is an integer 20 ranging from 0 to 2, the aryl group is optionally fused to a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, the heterocyclic group is optionally fused to a benzene ring, and the foregoing R³ groups, except H but including said optionally fused moieties, are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, -NR⁶R⁷ and trifluoromethyl.

Other preferred compounds of formula 1 include those wherein R¹ is H, R² is -OR³, and R³ is C₁-C₄ alkyl, -(CH₂)(4-10 membered heterocyclic), or -(CH₂)(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) wherein t is 25 an integer ranging from 1 to 2, the aryl group is optionally fused to a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, the heterocyclic group is optionally fused to a benzene ring, and the foregoing R³ groups, including said optionally fused moieties, are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, cyclohexyl, cyano, trifluoromethyl, benzyloxy and trifluoromethyl.

30 Other preferred compounds of formula 1 include those wherein R¹ is H, R² is -OC(O)NR³R⁴, R⁴ is H, and R³ is -(CH₂)(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) wherein t is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, and the R³ group is optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, and trifluoromethyl.

35 Specific preferred compounds of formula 1 include those selected from the group consisting of

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(benzofuran-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(benzofuran-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-phenylmethyloxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-phenylmethyloxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-pyridinyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[cyclohexylmethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(furan-3-yl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(furan-3-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-cyclohexylphenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-aminophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-aminomethyl)phenyl]methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)propyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)propyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-(1-piperidinyl)phenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[2-(phenylthio)ethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(benzofuran-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(benzofuran-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2-phenylpyrimidin-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,4-dihydro-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl)methyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(5,6-dideoxy-5-(methyl(phenylmethyl)amino-a-L-*galacto*-furanos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(5,6-dideoxy-5-phenylamino-a-L-*galacto*-furanos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy-5-O-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]- β -D-*ribo*-furanos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(furan-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(5-methyl- β -D-*erythro*-hept-5-(*E*)-enofuranuron-1-yl-acid)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, ethyl ester;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[[N-(furan-2-yl)methyl]-5-methyl- β -D-*erythro*-hept-5-(*E*)-enofuranuron-1-yl-amide)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-phenylpropyl)oxime];

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(2-propen-1-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(2-propen-1-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-methylphenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy-5-O-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]- β -D-*ribo*-furanos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[diphenylmethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy-5-phenylcarbamate- β -D-*ribo*-furanos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy-5-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]carbamate- β -D-*ribo*-furanos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chloro-5-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chloro-5-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-chloro-3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-chloro-3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-chloro-3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-chloro-1,3-benzodioxol-6-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-chloro-1,3-benzodioxol-6-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(5-chloro-1,3-benzodioxol-6-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(5-chloro-1,3-benzodioxol-6-yl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-chloro-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-chloro-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-yl)methyl]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)oxime];

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)oxime];

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(7-chloro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(7-chloro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(7-fluoro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(7-fluoro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(8-chloro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(8-chloro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(6-chloro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(6-chloro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(8-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(8-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(6-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(6-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(quinolin-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(quinolin-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(quinolin-3-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(quinolin-3-yl)methyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[4-(phenylmethyl)phenylmethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-(phenylmethyl)phenylmethyl)oxime];

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[4-(phenoxy)phenylmethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[4-(phenoxy)phenylmethyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[4-(phenoxy)phenylmethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-Phenylthiaz-2-yl) methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-Phenylthiaz-2-yl) methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)propyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)propyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[1-(3,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[1-(3,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[1-(3,5-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[1-(3,5-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[1-(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[1-(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[1-(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(6-deoxy- β -D-*arabino*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3,5-dichlororophenyl)]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(6-deoxy- β -D-*arabino*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(6-deoxy- β -D-*arabino*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chlorophenyl)]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(6-deoxy- β -D-*arabino*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-fluororophenyl)]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(phenyl)oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-(phenyl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,1,3-benzoxadiazol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,1,3-benzoxadiazol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,3-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,3-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-phenyl-furan-3-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-phenyl-furan-3-yl)methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-phenyl-furan-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-phenyl-furan-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,3-difluoro-6-methoxyphenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,3-difluoro-6-methoxyphenyl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chloro-thiophen-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chloro-thiophen-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(5-chloro-thiophen-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

35 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs and solvates of said compounds.

In a more specific embodiment, the present invention includes the following compounds:

25 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

35 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(benzofuran-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-chloro-3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-chloro-3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-phenyl-furan-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chloro-5-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,3-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

35 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(6-deoxy- β -D-*arabino*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(6-deoxy- β -D-arabino-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(6-deoxy- β -D-arabino-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(5-chloro-thiophen-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

20 and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs and solvates of said compounds.

25 The invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of a disorder selected from a bacterial infection, a protozoal infection, and disorders related to bacterial infections or protozoal infections, in a mammal, fish, or bird which comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

30 The invention also relates to a method of treating a disorder selected from a bacterial infection, a protozoal infection, and disorders related to bacterial infections or protozoal infections, in a mammal, fish, or bird which comprises administering to said mammal, fish or bird a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

35 The term "treating", as used herein, unless otherwise indicated, means reversing, alleviating, inhibiting the progress of, or preventing the disorder or condition to which such term applies, or one or more symptoms of such disorder or condition. The term "treatment", as used herein, refers to the act of treating, as "treating" is defined immediately above.

As used herein, unless otherwise indicated, the terms or phrases "bacterial infection(s)", "protozoal infection(s)", and "disorders related to bacterial infections or protozoal infections" include the following: pneumonia, otitis media, sinusitus, bronchitis, tonsillitis, and

mastoiditis related to infection by *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, *Haemophilus influenzae*, *Moraxella catarrhalis*, *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Enterococcus faecalis*, *E. faecium*, *E. casseliflavus*, *S. epidermidis*, *S. haemolyticus*, or *Peptostreptococcus* spp.; pharyngitis, rheumatic fever, and glomerulonephritis related to infection by *Streptococcus pyogenes*,

5 Groups C and G streptococci, *Corynebacterium diphtheriae*, or *Actinobacillus haemolyticum*; respiratory tract infections related to infection by *Mycoplasma pneumoniae*, *Legionella pneumophila*, *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, *Haemophilus influenzae*, or *Chlamydia pneumoniae*; blood and tissue infections, including endocarditis and osteomyelitis, caused by *S. aureus*, *S. haemolyticus*, *E. faecalis*, *E. faecium*, *E. durans*, including strains resistant to

10 known antibacterials such as, but not limited to, beta-lactams, vancomycin, aminoglycosides, quinolones, chloramphenicol, tetracyclines and macrolides; uncomplicated skin and soft tissue infections and abscesses, and puerperal fever related to infection by *Staphylococcus aureus*, coagulase-negative staphylococci (i.e., *S. epidermidis*, *S. hemolyticus*, etc.), *Streptococcus pyogenes*, *Streptococcus agalactiae*, Streptococcal groups C-F (minute-colony streptococci),

15 *viridans streptococci*, *Corynebacterium minutissimum*, *Clostridium* spp., or *Bartonella henselae*; uncomplicated acute urinary tract infections related to infection by *Staphylococcus aureus*, coagulase-negative staphylococcal species, or *Enterococcus* spp.; urethritis and cervicitis; sexually transmitted diseases related to infection by *Chlamydia trachomatis*, *Haemophilus ducreyi*, *Treponema pallidum*, *Ureaplasma urealyticum*, or *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*; toxin diseases related to infection by *S. aureus* (food poisoning and toxic shock syndrome), or Groups A, B, and C streptococci; ulcers related to infection by *Helicobacter pylori*; systemic febrile syndromes related to infection by *Borrelia recurrentis*; Lyme disease related to infection by *Borrelia burgdorferi*; conjunctivitis, keratitis, and dacrocystitis related to infection by *Chlamydia trachomatis*, *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*, *S. aureus*, *S. pneumoniae*, *S. pyogenes*, *H. influenzae*, or *Listeria* spp.; disseminated *Mycobacterium avium* complex (MAC) disease related to infection by *Mycobacterium avium*, or *Mycobacterium intracellulare*; infections caused by *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, *M. leprae*, *M. paratuberculosis*, *M. kansasii*, or *M. chelonei*; gastroenteritis related to infection by *Campylobacter jejuni*; intestinal protozoa related to infection by *Cryptosporidium* spp.; odontogenic infection related to infection by

20 *viridans streptococci*; persistent cough related to infection by *Bordetella pertussis*; gas gangrene related to infection by *Clostridium perfringens* or *Bacteroides* spp.; and atherosclerosis or cardiovascular disease related to infection by *Helicobacter pylori* or *Chlamydia pneumoniae*. Bacterial infections and protozoal infections, and disorders related to such infections, which may be treated or prevented in animals include the following: bovine

25 respiratory disease related to infection by *P. haemolytica*, *P. multocida*, *Mycoplasma bovis*, or *Bordetella* spp.; cow enteric disease related to infection by protozoa (i.e., coccidia,

cryptosporidia, etc.); dairy cow mastitis related to infection by *S. aureus*, *Strep. uberis*, *Streptococcus agalactiae*, *Streptococcus dysgalactiae*, *Corynebacterium*, or *Enterococcus* spp.; swine respiratory disease related to infection by *A. pleuro.*, *P. multocida*, or *Mycoplasma* spp.; swine enteric disease related to infection by, *Lawsonia intracellularis*, *Salmonella*, or 5 *Serpulina hyodysinteriae*; cow footrot related to infection by *Fusobacterium* spp.; cow hairy warts related to infection by *Fusobacterium necrophorum* or *Bacteroides nodosus*; cow pink-eye related to infection by *Moraxella bovis*; cow premature abortion related to infection by protozoa (i.e. *neosporium*); skin and soft tissue infections in dogs and cats related to infection by 10 *S. epidermidis*, *S. intermedius*, coagulase neg. *Staphylococcus* or *P. multocida*; and dental or mouth infections in dogs and cats related to infection by *Alcaligenes* spp., *Bacteroides* spp., *Clostridium* spp., *Enterobacter* spp., *Eubacterium*, *Peptostreptococcus*, *Porphyromonas*, or 15 *Prevotella*. Other bacterial infections and protozoal infections, and disorders related to such infections, which may be treated or prevented in accord with the method of the present invention are referred to in J. P. Sanford et al., "The Sanford Guide To Antimicrobial Therapy," 15 26th Edition, (Antimicrobial Therapy, Inc., 1996).

The term "halo", as used herein, unless otherwise indicated, includes fluoro, chloro, bromo or iodo. Preferred halo groups are fluoro, chloro and bromo.

The term "alkyl", as used herein, unless otherwise indicated, includes saturated monovalent hydrocarbon radicals having straight or branched moieties. Said alkyl group may 20 include one or two double or triple bonds. It is understood that for said alkyl group to include a carbon-carbon double or triple bond at least two carbon atoms are required in said alkyl group.

The term "aryl", as used herein, unless otherwise indicated, includes an organic radical derived from an aromatic hydrocarbon by removal of one hydrogen, such as phenyl or naphthyl.

The term "4-10 membered heterocyclic", as used herein, unless otherwise indicated, 25 includes aromatic and non-aromatic heterocyclic groups containing one or more heteroatoms each selected from O, S and N, wherein each heterocyclic group has from 4-10 atoms in its ring system. Non-aromatic heterocyclic groups include groups having only 4 atoms in their ring system, but aromatic heterocyclic groups must have at least 5 atoms in their ring system. The heterocyclic groups include benzo-fused ring systems and ring systems substituted with one or 30 more oxo moieties. An example of a 4 membered heterocyclic group is azetidinyl (derived from azetidine). An example of a 5 membered heterocyclic group is thiazolyl and an example of a 10 membered heterocyclic group is quinolinyl. Examples of non-aromatic heterocyclic groups are pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrothiopyranyl, piperidino, morpholino, thiomorpholino, thioxanyl, piperazinyl, azetidinyl, oxetanyl, thietanyl, 35 homopiperidinyl, oxepanyl, thiepanyl, oxazepinyl, diazepinyl, thiazepinyl, 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridinyl, 2-pyrrolinyl, 3-pyrrolinyl, indolinyl, 2H-pyranyl, 4H-pyranyl, dioxanyl, 1,3-

dioxolanyl, pyrazolinyl, dithianyl, dithiolanyl, dihydropyranlyl, dihydrothienyl, dihydrofuranyl, pyrazolidinyl, imidazolinyl, imidazolidinyl, 3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexanyl, 3-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptanyl, 3H-indolyl and quinolizinyl. Examples of aromatic heterocyclic groups are pyridinyl, imidazolyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazolyl, triazolyl, pyrazinyl, tetrazolyl, furyl, 5 thienyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrrolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, cinnolinyl, indazolyl, indolizinyl, phthalazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazinyl, isoindolyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, oxadiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, furazanyl, benzofurazanyl, benzothiophenyl, benzothiazolyl, benzoxazolyl, quinazolinyl, quinoxalinyl, naphthyridinyl, and furopyridinyl. The foregoing groups, as derived from the compounds listed above, may be C-10 attached or N-attached where such is possible. For instance, a group derived from pyrrole may be pyrrol-1-yl (N-attached) or pyrrol-3-yl (C-attached).

The phrase "pharmaceutically acceptable salt(s)", as used herein, unless otherwise indicated, includes salts of acidic or basic groups which may be present in the compounds of the present invention. The compounds of the present invention that are basic in nature are capable 15 of forming a wide variety of salts with various inorganic and organic acids. The acids that may be used to prepare pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts of such basic compounds are those that form non-toxic acid addition salts, *i.e.*, salts containing pharmacologically acceptable anions, such as the hydrochloride, hydrobromide, hydroiodide, nitrate, sulfate, bisulfate, phosphate, acid phosphate, isonicotinate, acetate, lactate, salicylate, citrate, acid 20 citrate, tartrate, pantothenate, bitartrate, ascorbate, succinate, maleate, gentisinate, fumarate, gluconate, glucuronate, saccharate, formate, benzoate, glutamate, methanesulfonate, ethanesulfonate, benzenesulfonate, p-toluenesulfonate and pamoate [*i.e.*, 1,1'-methylene-bis-(2-hydroxy-3-naphthoate)] salts. The compounds of the present invention that include a basic moiety, such as an amino group, may form pharmaceutically acceptable salts with various amino 25 acids, in addition to the acids mentioned above.

Those compounds of the present invention that are acidic in nature are capable of forming base salts with various pharmacologically acceptable cations. Examples of such salts include the alkali metal or alkaline earth metal salts and, particularly, the calcium, magnesium, sodium and potassium salts of the compounds of the present invention.

30 The compounds of the present invention have asymmetric centers and therefore exist in different enantiomeric and diastereomeric forms. This invention relates to the use of all optical isomers and stereoisomers of the compounds of the present invention, and mixtures thereof, and to all pharmaceutical compositions and methods of treatment that may employ or contain them. In this regard, the invention includes both the E and Z configurations of the -OR³ group 35 connected to the nitrogen where R¹ and R² are taken together as an oxime moiety of the formula

=N-OR³. The compounds of formula 1 may also exist as tautomers. This invention relates to the use of all such tautomers and mixtures thereof.

The subject invention also includes isotopically-labelled compounds, and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, which are identical to those recited in Formula 1, but for the fact that one or more atoms are replaced by an atom having an atomic mass or mass number different from the atomic mass or mass number usually found in nature. Examples of isotopes that can be incorporated into compounds of the invention include isotopes of hydrogen, carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, phosphorous, fluorine and chlorine, such as ²H, ³H, ¹³C, ¹⁴C, ¹⁵N, ¹⁸O, ¹⁷O, ³⁵S, ¹⁸F, and ³⁶Cl, respectively. Compounds of the present invention, prodrugs thereof, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts of said compounds or of said prodrugs which contain the aforementioned isotopes and/or other isotopes of other atoms are within the scope of this invention. Certain isotopically-labelled compounds of the present invention, for example those into which radioactive isotopes such as ³H and ¹⁴C are incorporated, are useful in drug and/or substrate tissue distribution assays. Tritiated, i.e., ³H, and carbon-14, i.e., ¹⁴C, isotopes are particularly preferred for their ease of preparation and detectability. Further, substitution with heavier isotopes such as deuterium, i.e., ²H, can afford certain therapeutic advantages resulting from greater metabolic stability, for example increased *in vivo* half-life or reduced dosage requirements and, hence, may be preferred in some circumstances. Isotopically labelled compounds of Formula 1 of this invention and prodrugs thereof can generally be prepared by carrying out the procedures disclosed in the Schemes and/or in the Examples and Preparations below, by substituting a readily available isotopically labelled reagent for a non-isotopically labelled reagent.

This invention also encompasses pharmaceutical compositions containing and methods of treating bacterial infections through administering prodrugs of compounds of the formula 1. Compounds of formula 1 having free amino, amido, hydroxy or carboxylic groups can be converted into prodrugs. Prodrugs include compounds wherein an amino acid residue, or a polypeptide chain of two or more (e.g., two, three or four) amino acid residues is covalently joined through an amide or ester bond to a free amino, hydroxy or carboxylic acid group of compounds of formula 1. The amino acid residues include but are not limited to the 20 naturally occurring amino acids commonly designated by three letter symbols and also include 4-hydroxyproline, hydroxylysine, demosine, isodemosine, 3-methylhistidine, norvalin, beta-alanine, gamma-aminobutyric acid, citrulline homocysteine, homoserine, ornithine and methionine sulfone.

Additional types of prodrugs are also encompassed. For instance, free carboxyl groups can be derivatized as amides or alkyl esters. The amide and ester moieties may incorporate groups including but not limited to ether, amine and carboxylic acid functionalities. Free hydroxy

groups may be derivatized using groups including but not limited to hemisuccinates, phosphate esters, dimethylaminoacetates, and phosphoryloxymethyloxycarbonyls, as outlined in D. Fleisher, R. Bong, B.H. Stewart, Advanced Drug Delivery Reviews (1996) 19, 115. Carbamate prodrugs of hydroxy and amino groups are also included, as are carbonate prodrugs and sulfate esters of hydroxy groups. Derivatization of hydroxy groups as (acyloxy)methyl and (acyloxy)ethyl ethers wherein the acyl group may be an alkyl ester, optionally substituted with groups including but not limited to ether, amine and carboxylic acid functionalities, or where the acyl group is an amino acid ester as described above, are also encompassed. Prodrugs of this type are described in R.P. Robinson et al., J. Medicinal Chemistry (1996) 39, 10.

5 Selective introduction of prodrug side chains can be carried out on the hydroxy groups of the hygromycin A core molecule. For instance, exhaustive silylation of the six hydroxy groups of hygromycin A can be carried out, for instance with tert-butyl dimethylsilyl chloride. Subjection of the hexasilyl derivative to the action of potassium carbonate in methanol at room temperature selectively removes the phenolic silyl group, allowing further

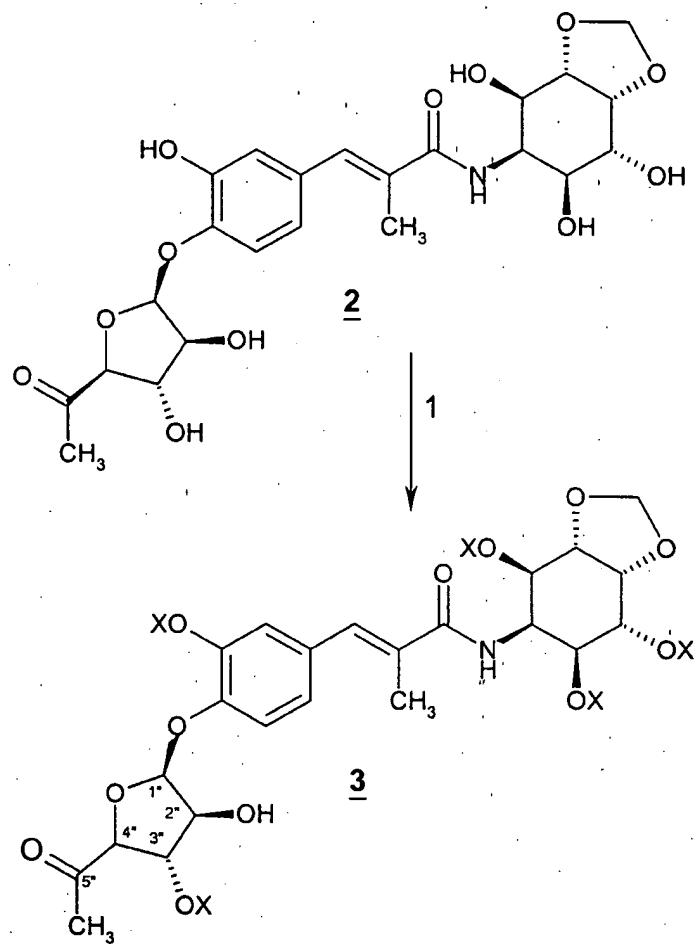
10 selective modification at that position.

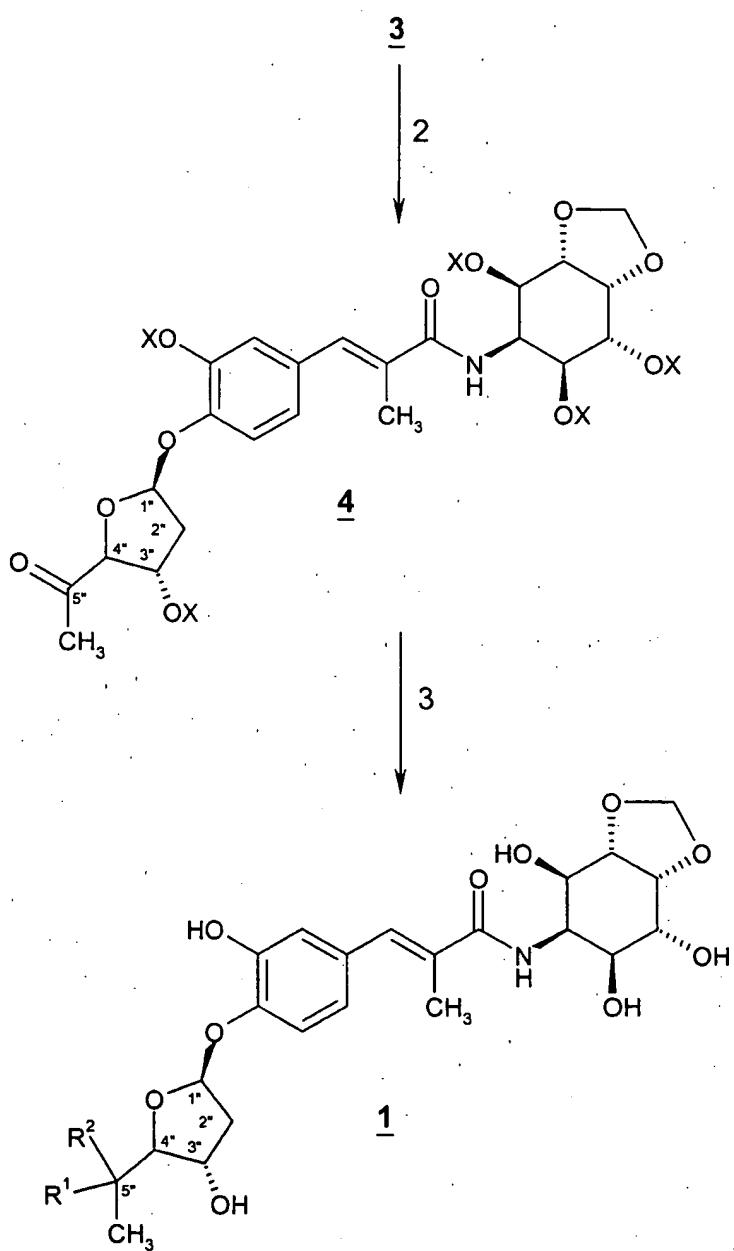
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Detailed Description of the Invention

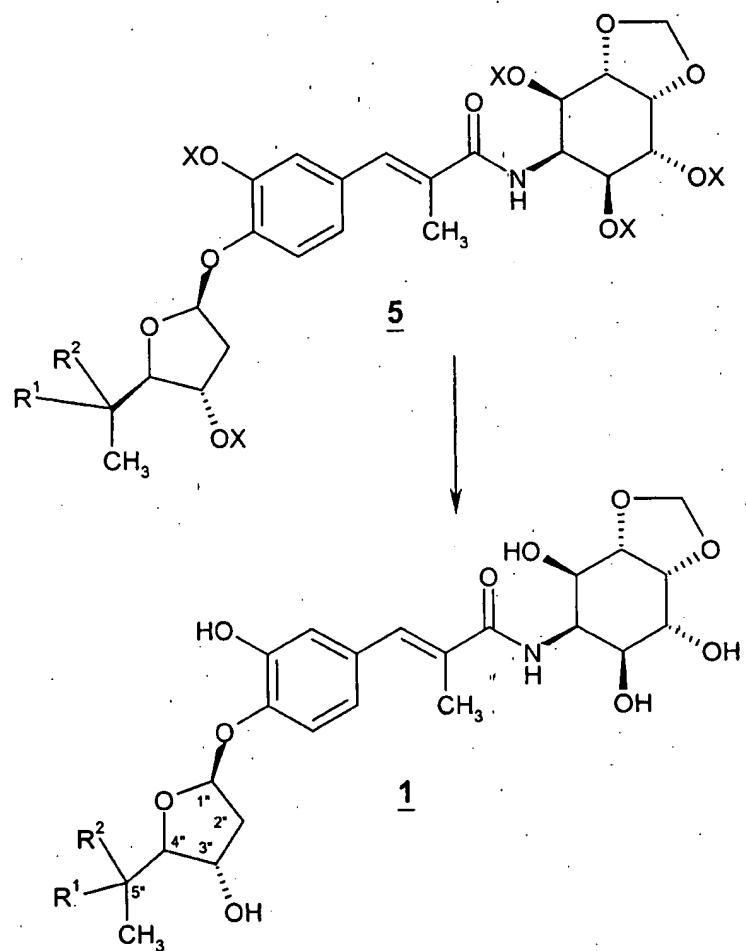
The preparation of the compounds of the present invention is illustrated in the following Schemes.

Scheme 1



Scheme 1 continued

Scheme 2



The compounds of the present invention are readily prepared. With reference to Scheme 1 illustrated above, the starting compound of formula 2 is hygromycin A which may be prepared according to procedures known to those skilled in the art, such as by fermentation of *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* NRRL 2388. The methyl ketone on the furanose sugar of the hygromycin A molecule can exist in the S configuration (hygromycin A) or R configuration (*epi*-hygromycin) on the furanose sugar. When published protocols are used as a model for fermentation and recovery of hygromycin A (U.S. Patent 3,100,176; Antibiotic Chemotherapy (1953)3:1268-1278, 1279-1282), the hygromycin product is an approximately 3:1 mixture of hygromycin A (the 4"-(S) epimer), with the beta-oriented methyl ketone on the furanose sugar, as drawn, and *epi*-hygromycin. It is known in the literature (Journal of Antibiotics 33(7), 695-704, 1980) that pure hygromycin A will convert to *epi*-hygromycin in alkaline solutions. By carefully controlling the pH below 6.9 during the fermentation, and the pH, temperature and solvent exposure during the purification process, the final recovered product may be improved to a 14:1 ratio of hygromycin A : *epi*-hygromycin. Using this material, substantially single isomers derived from the 4"-(S) hygromycin may be prepared for use as templates for further synthetic modification.

Hygromycin A, enriched for the 4"-(S) epimer is produced by fermentation of *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* NRRL2388, or mutants thereof, in media with pH controlled at less than 6.9, preferably 6.2 to 6.7, throughout the process. The medium contains assimilable sources of carbon, nitrogen and trace elements, as known to those skilled in the art. The fermentation is run at a temperature of about 25-35°C, preferably about 29°C. The fermentation is monitored by chromatography, for example high pressure liquid chromatography. Incubation is continued until the yield of the compound reaches a maximum, generally for a period of about 3 to 10 days, preferably about 4 to 6 days.

The formation of *epi*-hygromycin is minimized during the purification process by using an aqueous buffer (rather than unbuffered water) and controlling the pH of the active streams to near 6.0. *Ep*-hygromycin formation is also minimized by minimizing the time the recovered material is subject to higher temperatures. Thus, where it is necessary to reduce solvent concentrations, it is preferred to dilute active streams with the aqueous buffer and avoid use of rotary evaporation at elevated temperatures. Also, as means of avoiding higher temperatures, a resin column may be used to concentrate the active solution prior to the final purification step in order to reduce the volume of solution that requires boiling. The final purification step in the process is the concentration of the active cuts to solids using vacuum and a bath temperature of about 35-50°C. The period in which the solution is subject to elevated temperatures may be minimized by boiling in stages.

The compounds of formula 1 can be prepared from the compound of formula 4. In this process, the compound of formula 3 (wherein X is a protecting group as described below), is prepared by protection of all of the hydroxy groups of hygromycin A, with the exception of the hydroxy at the 2" carbon (C-2"), as their silyl ethers using an appropriate reagent such as 5 triethylsilyl chloride (TESCl), trimethylsilyl chloride (TMSCl) or *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl chloride (TBDMSCl). The preferred method is 10 eq of TBDMSCl and imidazole in N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) at a temperature of 25-40°C for 12-36 hours. The compound of formula 4 is then prepared by removal of the hydroxy group using the method of Barton et al., *J. Chem Soc., Perkin Trans. I* 1975, 1574. The preferred method in this case is the method of 10 Génu-Dellac et al., *Carbohydrate Res.* 1991, 216, 249.

The compounds of formula 1 wherein R¹ and R² are taken together to form an oxime of the formula =NOR³, wherein, R³ is as defined above, may be prepared by treating the compound of formula 4 with a hydroxylamine of the formula R³ONH₂, using the free base or salt of the hydroxylamine, preferably the free base of the hydroxylamine. The reaction is 15 carried out in an inert solvent, such as methanol, with addition of base, such as K₂CO₃, if the salt, for instance the HCl salt, of the hydroxylamine is used, at a temperature ranging from about 0°C to 65°C, preferably from 0°C to 25°C. The protecting groups are then removed with acid, such as acetic acid, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen fluoride-pyridine complex, or a fluoride source, such as tetrabutylammonium fluoride (TBAF). The hydroxylamine of formula R³ONH₂ 20 may be prepared using one or more procedures disclosed in *Bioconjugate Chemistry* (1990), 2, 96; *Journal of Pharmaceutical Science* (1969) 58, 138; and *Chem. Pharm. Bull.* (1967) 15, 345.

The compounds of formula 1 wherein R¹ and R² are taken together to form ketone of the formula =O, may be prepared by treating the compound of formula 4 with acid, such as 25 acetic acid, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen fluoride-pyridine complex, or a fluoride source, such as tetrabutylammonium fluoride (TBAF) preferably hydrogen fluoride-pyridine complex.

The compounds of formula 1 wherein R¹ is H and R² is -NR³R⁴, wherein R³ and R⁴ are as defined above, can be synthesized by reductive amination at the C-5" ketone site of the compound of formula 4. Combination of R⁴NH₂ and the compound of formula 4 in an inert 30 solvent and treatment with a reducing agent such as NaBH₄, NaBH(OAc)₃ (Ac is acetyl), or NaCNBH₃ provides the product with R³ = H. To convert R³ to a group other than H, a second reductive amination can be carried out with an appropriate aldehyde (or ketone) of the formula R³C(O)H. An Eschweiler-Clark reaction may be followed to introduce a methyl group as the R³ substituent. To provide an amide group such as where R¹ is H and R² is -NR⁴C(O)R³, an 35 amine of the formula -NHR⁴ may be introduced as described above and then an acyl moiety of the formula -C(O)R³ may be introduced by treating the intermediate with an activated form of

the carboxylic acid, such as R^3COCl or $R^3C(O)OC(O)R^3$, or by using an amide coupling agent such as 2-ethoxy-1-ethoxycarbonyl-1,2-dihydroquinoline (EEDQ), 1,1'-carbonyl-diimidazole (CDI), or a carbodiimide such as 1,3-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC). For all of the above processes the protecting groups are removed with acid, such as acetic acid, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen fluoride-pyridine complex, or a fluoride source, such as TBAF as the final step.

Compounds of formula 1 where R^1 is H and R^2 is $-NR^4C(O)R^3$, wherein R^4 is H and R^3 is as defined above, may be prepared through use of the primary amine derived from reductive amination of the compound of formula 4 with an ammonia equivalent, for instance 10 through the use of ammonium acetate and sodium cyanoborohydride or sodium triacetoxyborohydride. Alternatively, this primary amine can be prepared via the corresponding azide: (1) the C-5" ketone of the compound of formula 4 is reduced, for instance with sodium borohydride; 2) the resulting alcohol is transformed into the mesylate, for instance through the action of methanesulfonyl chloride and triethylamine; 3) the mesylate is 15 displaced by azide, for example using sodium azide in DMF; and 4) the azide is reduced to the primary amine using for instance triphenylphosphine followed by aqueous hydrolysis.

Reaction of the primary amine with an activated form of $R^3C(O)OH$, for instance $R^3C(O)Cl$ or $R^3C(O)OC(O)R^3$, provides the corresponding amide. Alternatively, amide coupling reagents can be used with $R^3C(O)OH$, such as 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethyl-20 carbodiimide (EDC), diethyl phosphoryl cyanide (DEPC), DCC, CDI or EEDQ. Finally, any protecting groups are removed using an acid, such as acetic acid, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen fluoride-pyridine complex, or fluoride ion, such as TBAF.

To incorporate an R^4 group other than H, the amide referred to above may be alkylated after protecting any free hydroxyl groups, for instance as silyl ethers. The alkylation 25 may be carried out with a base and an alkylating agent, such as sodium hydride and an appropriate bromide of the formula R^4-Br . Deprotection of the hydroxyl groups is then carried out with an acid, such as acetic acid, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen fluoride-pyridine complex, or fluoride ion, such as TBAF.

Alternatively, a reductive amination can be carried out on the compound of formula 4 30 with R^4NH_2 , mediated by sodium triacetoxyborohydride or sodium cyanoborohydride. The resulting secondary amine can be acylated as described above, with an activated form of $R^3C(O)OH$, or reacted with $R^3C(O)OH$ using an amide coupling reagent. Deprotection of the hydroxyl groups is then effected as described above.

With reference to Scheme 2, compounds of formula 1 where R^1 is H and R^2 is $-OR^3$, 35 wherein R^3 is an alkyl group or a substituted alkyl group, may be prepared by alkylation of the corresponding alcohol of the compound of formula 5 (wherein X is a protecting group as

described above) wherein R¹ is hydroxyl and R² is hydrogen. In this process the C-5" ketone moiety of compound of formula 4 is reduced using an appropriate reducing agent such as sodium borohydride. The resulting C-5" alcohol can then be alkylated with R³-Z, wherein Z is a leaving group such as Cl, Br, I or methanesulfonate, in the presence of a base, such as 5 sodium hydride or potassium *tert*-butoxide. The protecting groups are then removed with acid, such as acetic acid, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen fluoride-pyridine complex, or a fluoride source, such as TBAF.

Compounds of formula 1 where R¹ is H and R² is -OR³, wherein R³ is an aromatic or heterocyclic moiety, may be prepared via a Mitsunobu reaction. The C-5" alcohol, prepared 10 as described above, is subjected to a Mitsunobu reaction with R³OH, mediated by triphenylphosphine and diethyl azodicarboxylate. The resulting ether is then deprotected as described above.

Alternatively, when R¹ is H and R² is -OR³, wherein R³ is an aromatic or heterocyclic moiety, the C-5" alcohol derived from the compound of formula 1 can be transformed into a 15 leaving group, for instance the bromide or mesylate derivative. The leaving group can then be displaced by R³OH using a base such as sodium hydride, potassium *tert*-butoxide or, potassium carbonate.

Compounds of formula 1 where R¹ is H and R² is -OC(O)NR³R⁴ may be prepared by reaction of the C-5" alcohol derived from the compound of formula 5 as described above with 20 isocyanate R³NCO in toluene at temperatures from 40°C to 110°C, preferably 50 - 80°C. Addition of dimethylaminopyridine and triethylamine to the reaction may be advantageous. The product of this reaction, which has R⁴ equal to H, may be alkylated to give R⁴ equal to C₁ - C₁₀ alkyl through use of a base such as sodium hydride and an alkylating agent such as a bromide of the formula R⁴-Br. Deprotection of the hydroxyl groups can then be carried out by 25 use of fluoride ion, such as TBAF.

Compounds of formula 1 wherein R¹ and R² are taken together to form =CR⁴C(O)R³, =CR⁴C(O)OR³, or =CR⁴C(O)NR³R⁴, wherein R³ and R⁴ are as defined above, may be prepared through the corresponding α,β -unsaturated ester intermediates derived from Wittig or Horner-Emmons Wittig olefination of the C-5" ketone of the compound of formula 4. For 30 instance, (carbethoxymethylene)triphenylphosphorane or (carbethoxyethylidene)triphenylphosphorane can be reacted with the compound of formula 4 to provide the unsaturated ethyl ester. Hydrolysis of this ester, for instance with sodium hydroxide, provides the corresponding carboxylic acid (compound of formula 5 wherein R¹ and R² are taken together to form =CHC(O)OH). At this point, the hydroxy groups which have 35 been liberated in the previous step can be protected, for instance as their TES or TBDMS ethers. To prepare the esters described above, this carboxylic acid can be esterified with

R^3OH , for instance through the action of DCC and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP), or CDI and a catalytic base such as sodium ethoxide. Deprotection of the hydroxyl groups is then carried out with an acid, such as acetic acid, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen fluoride-pyridine complex, or fluoride ion, such as TBAF.

5 Compounds of formula 1 wherein R^1 and R^2 are taken together to form $=CR^4C(O)NR^3R^4$ may be formed by treating the above carboxylic acid intermediate (compound of formula 5 wherein R^1 and R^2 are taken together to form $=CHC(O)OH$) with an amine of the formula R^3NH_2 with the use of an amide coupling agent such as DCC, CDI, EEDQ, DEPC, or EDC. On the protected derivative, R^4 can be introduced via alkylation, for
10 instance with a base such as sodium hydride or potassium *tert*-butoxide and an alkylating agent such as R^4-X where X is Br, Cl or methanesulfonate. Deprotection of the hydroxyl groups is then as described above.

The ketone of formula 1 (R^1 and R^2 are taken together to form $=CR^4C(O)R^3$) can be prepared either by direct Wittig or Horner-Emmons reaction of the compound of formula 4 with
15 for example the corresponding $R^3C(O)CHR^4-PPh_3$ (Ph is phenyl) or $R^3C(O)CHR^4-P=O(OEt)_2$ (Et is ethyl) reagent. Alternatively, the compound of formula 5 wherein R^1 and R^2 are taken together to form $=CHC(O)OH$ can be transformed into the Weinreb amide, for instance through treatment with CDI and N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine. This amide can then be reacted
20 with $R^3\text{-}M$, where M is a metal ion such as Li or MgBr, to generate the ketone. The aldehyde (ketone structure where R^3 is H) can be prepared by reaction of the Weinreb amide with a hydride source, such as diisobutylaluminum hydride (DIBAL) or $LiAlH_4$.

Compounds of formula 1 wherein R^1 and R^2 are taken together to form $=CR^4R^3$, wherein R^3 and R^4 are as defined above, may be prepared by a Wittig or Horner-Emmons reaction of the ylid of $R^4\text{-}CH(PPh_3)\text{-}R^3$ or $R^4\text{-}CH(P=O(OEt)_2)\text{-}R^3$ with the compound of formula
25 4. The protecting groups can then be removed as described above.

Alternatively, either the ketone or aldehyde of formula 5, wherein R^1 and R^2 are taken together to form $=CR^4C(O)R^3$ and $=CR^4C(O)H$ respectively, can be utilized as an intermediate. These compounds can be accessed via Wittig or Horner-Emmons reaction with an oxygenated triphenylphosphonium salt or phosphorane such as $Ph_3P\text{-}C(R^3)OMe$ (Me is methyl). The resulting enol ether can be hydrolyzed with mild acid, such as acetic acid or dilute HCl, to provide the aldehyde or ketone. The aldehyde or ketone can then be reacted with an organometallic derivative $R^4\text{-}M$, where M is, for example, Li or MgBr, to provide the corresponding alcohol, which can be dehydrated under the action of methanesulfonyl chloride to provide the corresponding olefin. Deprotection as described above then provides the
35 compound of formula 1 wherein R^1 and R^2 are taken together to form $=CR^4R^3$.

The compound of formula 1 wherein R¹ and R² are taken together to form =CR⁴R³ and R⁴ is aryl or heteroaryl and R³ does not equal hydrogen, may be prepared using a palladium-catalyzed process. Conversion of compound of formula 5 wherein R³ is -CH(COR³) to an activated enol ether, for example the enol triflate, provides an intermediate which can be 5 coupled in a Suzuki or Stille-type palladium-catalyzed process with aryl or heteroaryl boronic acids R⁴B(OH)₂ or aryl tin species, for example R⁴SnMe₃ or R⁴SnBu₃ (Bu is butyl) to provide the unsaturated aryl derivatives. Deprotection as described above then provides the final compound.

The compounds of the present invention have asymmetric carbon atoms. Such 10 diastereomeric mixtures can be separated into their individual diastereomers on the basis of their physical chemical differences by methods known to those skilled in the art, for example, by chromatography or fractional crystallization. All such isomers, including diastereomer mixtures, are considered as part of the invention.

The compounds of the present invention that are basic in nature are capable of forming 15 a wide variety of different salts with various inorganic and organic acids. Although such salts must be pharmaceutically acceptable for administration to animals, it is often desirable in practice to initially isolate the compound of the present invention from the reaction mixture as a pharmaceutically unacceptable salt and then simply convert the latter back to the free base compound by treatment with an alkaline reagent and subsequently convert the latter free base to 20 a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt. The acid addition salts of the basic compounds of this invention are readily prepared by treating the basic compound with a substantially equivalent amount of the chosen mineral or organic acid in an aqueous solvent medium or in a suitable organic solvent, such as methanol or ethanol. Upon careful evaporation of the solvent, the desired solid salt is readily obtained. The desired acid salt can also be precipitated from a 25 solution of the free base in an organic solvent by adding to the solution an appropriate mineral or organic acid.

Those compounds of the present invention that are acidic in nature, are capable of forming base salts with various pharmacologically acceptable cations. Examples of such salts include the alkali metal or alkaline-earth metal salts and particularly, the sodium and potassium 30 salts. These salts are all prepared by conventional techniques. The chemical bases which are used as reagents to prepare the pharmaceutically acceptable base salts of this invention are those which form non-toxic base salts with the acidic compounds of the present invention. Such non-toxic base salts include those derived from such pharmacologically acceptable cations as sodium, potassium, calcium and magnesium, etc. These salts can easily be prepared by 35 treating the corresponding acidic compounds with an aqueous solution containing the desired alkali metal alkoxide or metal hydroxide, and then evaporating the resulting solution to dryness,

preferably under reduced pressure. Alternatively, they may also be prepared by mixing lower alkanolic solutions of the acidic compounds and the desired alkali metal alkoxide or metal hydroxide together, and then evaporating the resulting solution to dryness in the same manner as before. In either case, stoichiometric quantities of reagents are preferably employed in order 5 to ensure completeness of reaction and maximum yields of the desired final product.

The antibacterial activity of the compounds of the present invention against bacterial pathogens is demonstrated by the compound's ability to inhibit growth of defined strains of pathogens.

Assay

10 The assay, described below, employs conventional methodology and interpretation criteria and is designed to provide direction for chemical modifications that may lead to compounds with antibacterial activity against susceptible and drug-resistant organisms including, but not limited to, beta-lactam, macrolide and vancomycin resistance. In the assay, a panel of bacterial strains is assembled to include a variety of target pathogenic species, 15 including representatives of antibiotic resistant bacteria. Use of this panel enables the chemical structure/activity relationship to be determined with respect to potency and spectrum of activity. The assay is performed in microtiter trays and interpreted according to Performance Standards for Antimicrobial Disk Susceptibility Tests - Sixth Edition; Approved Standard, published by The National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards (NCCLS) 20 guidelines; the minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) is used to compare strains. Compounds are initially dissolved in dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO) as stock solutions.

The activity of the compounds of the present invention also may be assessed in accord with Steers replicator technique which is a standard *in vitro* bacterial testing method described by Steers et al., *Antibiotics and Chemotherapy* 1959, 9, 307.

25 The *in vivo* activity of the compounds of the present invention can be determined by conventional animal protection studies well known to those skilled in the art, usually carried out in rodents.

According to one *in vivo* model, compounds are evaluated for efficacy in mouse 30 models of acute bacterial infection. An example of one such *in vivo* system is provided as follows. Mice (CF1 mixed sex mice; 18-20 g) are allotted to cages upon their arrival, and allowed to acclimate 1-2 days before being placed in a study. The acute infection is produced by intraperitoneal inoculation of bacteria (*Staphylococcus aureus* strain 01A1095) suspended in 5% sterile hog gastric mucin. The inoculum is prepared by: growing the culture overnight at 37°C on blood agar, harvesting the resulting surface growth with sterile brain heart infusion 35 broth, and adjusting this suspension to a turbidity that when diluted 1:10 into 5% sterile hog gastric mucin would produce 100% lethality.

Mice (10 per group) are treated subcutaneously, at 0.5 hour and 4 hours after challenge. Appropriate non-treated (infected but not treated) and positive (vancomycin or minocycline, etc.) controls are included in each study. Percent survival is recorded after a 4-day observation period; the PD_{50} (mg/kg/dose calculated to protect 50% of infected animals) is determined by the probit method.

The compounds of the present invention, and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof (hereinafter "the active compounds"), may be administered through oral, parenteral, topical, or rectal routes in the treatment of bacterial and protozoal infections. In general, these compounds are most desirably administered in dosages ranging from about 0.2 mg per kg body weight per day (mg/kg/day) to about 200 mg/kg/day in single or divided doses (i.e., from 1 to 4 doses per day), although variations will necessarily occur depending upon the species, weight and condition of the subject being treated and the particular route of administration chosen. However, a dosage level that is in the range of about 3 mg/kg/day to about 60 mg/kg/day is most desirably employed. Variations may nevertheless occur depending upon the species of mammal, fish or bird being treated and its individual response to said medicament, as well as on the type of pharmaceutical formulation chosen and the time period and interval at which such administration is carried out. In some instances, dosage levels below the lower limit of the aforesaid range may be more than adequate, while in other cases still larger doses may be employed without causing any harmful side effects, provided that such larger doses are first divided into several small doses for administration throughout the day.

The active compounds may be administered alone or in combination with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers or diluents by the routes previously indicated, and such administration may be carried out in single or multiple doses. More particularly, the active compounds may be administered in a wide variety of different dosage forms, i.e., they may be combined with various pharmaceutically acceptable inert carriers in the form of tablets, capsules, lozenges, troches, hard candies, powders, sprays, creams, salves, suppositories, jellies, gels, pastes, lotions, ointments, aqueous suspensions, injectable solutions, elixirs, syrups, and the like. Such carriers include solid diluents or fillers, sterile aqueous media and various non-toxic organic solvents, etc. Moreover, oral pharmaceutical compositions can be suitably sweetened and/or flavored. In general, the active compounds are present in such dosage forms at concentration levels ranging from about 5.0% to about 70% by weight.

For oral administration, tablets containing various excipients such as microcrystalline cellulose, sodium citrate, calcium carbonate, dicalcium phosphate and glycine may be employed along with various disintegrants such as starch (and preferably corn, potato or tapioca starch), alginic acid and certain complex silicates, together with granulation binders like polyvinylpyrrolidone, sucrose, gelatin and acacia. Additionally, lubricating agents such as

magnesium stearate, sodium lauryl sulfate and talc are often very useful for tabletting purposes. Solid compositions of a similar type may also be employed as fillers in gelatin capsules; preferred materials in this connection also include lactose or milk sugar as well as high molecular weight polyethylene glycols. When aqueous suspensions and/or elixirs are desired 5 for oral administration, the active compound may be combined with various sweetening or flavoring agents, coloring matter or dyes, and, if so desired, emulsifying and/or suspending agents as well, together with such diluents as water, ethanol, propylene glycol, glycerin and various like combinations thereof.

For parenteral administration, solutions of an active compound in either sesame or 10 peanut oil or in aqueous ethanol or propylene glycol may be employed. Use of a cyclodextrin derivative such as β -cyclodextrin sulfobutyl ether, sodium salt (see United States patent 5,134,127) may also be advantageous. The aqueous solutions should be suitably buffered if necessary and the liquid diluent first rendered isotonic. These aqueous solutions are suitable for intravenous injection purposes. The oily solutions are suitable for intraarticular, intramuscular 15 and subcutaneous injection purposes. The preparation of all these solutions under sterile conditions is readily accomplished by standard pharmaceutical techniques known to those skilled in the art.

Additionally, it is also possible to administer the active compounds of the present invention topically and this may be done by way of creams, jellies, gels, pastes, patches, 20 ointments and the like, in accordance with standard pharmaceutical practice.

For administration to animals other than humans, such as cattle or domestic animals, the active compounds may be administered in the feed of the animals or orally as a drench composition.

The active compounds may also be administered in the form of liposome delivery 25 systems, such as small unilamellar vesicles, large unilamellar vesicles and multilamellar vesicles. Liposomes can be formed from a variety of phospholipids, such as cholesterol, stearylamine or phosphatidylcholines.

The active compounds may also be coupled with soluble polymers as targetable drug carriers. Such polymers can include polyvinylpyrrolidone, pyran copolymer, 30 polyhydroxypropylmethacrylamide phenyl, polyhydroxyethylaspartamide-phenol, or polyethyleneoxide-polylysine substituted with palmitoyl residues. Furthermore, the active compounds may be coupled to a class of biodegradable polymers useful in achieving controlled release of a drug, for example, polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid, copolymers of polylactic and polyglycolic acid, polyepsilon caprolactone, polyhydroxy butyric acid, polyorthoesters, 35 polyacetals, polydihydropyrans, polycyanoacrylates and cross-linked or amphipathic block copolymers of hydrogels.

The present invention is further described and exemplified in the preparations and examples described below. In the preparations and examples, "rt" means room or ambient temperature which is a temperature within the range of about 20-25°C.

Preparation 1

5 Five (5) mL of a frozen lot (stored at -80°C in 20% glycerol/80% inoculum medium) of the culture *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* NRRL 2388 was used to inoculate 1L of hygromycin inoculum medium (Corn Products Corp. cerelose 13 g/L, Hubinger starch 7 g/L, Roquette corn steep solids 3 g/L, Sheffield Brand Products NZ Amine YTT 7 g/L, Baker CoCl₂.6H₂O 0.002 g/L, KH₂PO₄ 0.7 g/L, MgSO₄.7H₂O 1.3 g/L, ammonium sulfate 0.7 g/L, Dow Chemical P2000 10 defoamer 1 drop/flask, Colfax soybean oil 2 drops/flask, pH to 7.0 before autoclave) in a 2.8L Fernbach flask. The culture was grown for 3 days at 29°C with 200 rpm agitation on a 2-inch-throw shaker. This grown culture was used to inoculate 8L of sterile hygromycin fermentation medium (Albaglos calcium carbonate 1 g/L, Sheffield Brand Products NZ Amine YTT 5 g/L, Hubinger's starch 20 g/L, Archer Daniels Midland Nutrisoy flour 10 g/L, Dow Chemical P2000 15 defoamer 1 ml/L, Baker CoCl₂.6H₂O 0.002 g/L, Colfax soybean oil 2 ml/L, cerelose 10 g/L, NaCl 5 g/L, pH to 7.0 before autoclave) in a 14 liter fermentor jar (New Brunswick Microferm, New Brunswick, New Jersey) equipped with two 4.75-inch Rushton impellers, spaced 3:75 inches from each other. The broth was incubated at 29°C with an aeration rate of 8 L/minute, and with stirring at 800 rpm. To minimize formation of *epi*-hygromycin, the pH was maintained 20 between 6.5 and 6.9 for 126 hours, then to 6.2 to 6.6 with H₂SO₄ (15%) for the rest of the run. The fermentation was harvested after 143 hours total incubation. At this time, the ratio was 31:1 hygromycin A to *epi*-hygromycin.

Six liters of broth from the above fermentation was centrifuged at 8000 rpm for approximately 15 minutes. After centrifugation, the pellet was discarded and the supernatant 25 (at pH 6.4, assayed by HPLC to contain approximately 4.12 gms of hygromycin A activity) was loaded on a column packed with 500 gms of an XAD-16 resin (Rohm and Haas (Philadelphia, Pennsylvania). The resin had previously been equilibrated with two bed volumes of 25 mM disodium phosphate, pH 6.0 ("buffer"). After loading, the column was washed with 2 bed volumes of buffer and 2 bed volumes of 80/20 buffer/methanol and the activity eluted with 5 30 bed volumes of 50/50 buffer/methanol. The cuts were assayed by HPLC and the cuts containing the bulk of the activity (2.730 gms of hygromycin A) were combined.

A part of this XAD-16 eluate (approximately 800 mg of hygromycin A) was diluted to 10% methanol by the addition of 1.8 liters of buffer and loaded on a 100 ml CG-161 column (TosoHaas (Montgomeryville, Pennsylvania)) which had been equilibrated with 4 bed volumes 35 of 90/10 buffer/methanol. The product was eluted with 6 bed volumes of 50/50 buffer/methanol. The cuts were assayed by HPLC and the active cuts were combined. The

combined cut was evaporated to dryness and the solids assayed to be approximately 65% pure by weight. A small part of these solids were transferred for assay.

About 500 mg of the solids were mixed with 500 ml of water and 500 ml of ethyl acetate and stirred for 20 minutes. The two layers were separated and part of the aqueous 5 layer was dried to obtain solids which were assayed to be approximately 52% purity by weight. Both these solids (#34945-280-1 and 281-1) were assayed by NMR and TLC and found to contain hygromycin A activity. In addition, the NMR showed a hygromycin A/epi-hygromycin ratio of approximately 15:1.

Preparation 2

10 Five (5) mL of a frozen lot (stored at -80°C in 20% glycerol/80% inoculum medium) of the culture *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* NRRL 2388 was used to inoculate 1L of Hygromycin inoculum medium (CPC International Inc. cerelose 13 g/L, Hubinger's starch 7 g/L, Roquette corn steep solids 3 g/L, NZ Amine YTT 7 g/L, Baker CoCl₂.6H₂O 0.002 g/L, KH₂PO₄ 0.7 g/L, MgSO₄.7H₂O 1.3 g/L, ammonium sulfate 0.7 g/L, Dow Chemical P2000 defoamer 1 drop/flask, 15 Colfax soybean oil 2 drops/flask, pH to 7.0 before autoclave) in a 2.8 L Fernbach flask. The culture was grown for 2 to 3 days at 29°C with 200 rpm agitation on a 2-inch-throw shaker. Two five-hundred gallon, stainless steel fermentors were loaded with 380-400 gallons of the hygromycin fermentation medium (Mineral Technologies Calcium Carbonate 1 g/L, Sheffield Brand Products NZ Amine YTT 5 g/L, Hubinger's starch 20 g/L, Archer Daniels Midland Co., 20 Soyflour 10 g/L, Dow Chemical P2000 defoamer 1 mL/L, Baker CoCl₂.6H₂O 0.002 g/L, Colfax, Inc. soybean oil 2 gm/L, CPC International Inc. Cerelose 10 g/L, Cargill Inc. NaCl 5 g/L.). The medium was sterilized with 20 psig of steam for 60 minutes in the fermentors. After the medium was cooled using cooling coils in the fermentors, the pH was adjusted to 6.5-6.7. The fermentor conditions were set so that the airflow rate was 20 standard cubic feet per minute, 25 the temperature was 28°C, the vent pressure was 5 psig, and the pH was maintained between 6.5 - 6.7 with 25% sodium hydroxide and 98% sulfuric acid. The agitation rates in the two fermentors were varied so as to maintain a dissolved oxygen level of greater than 20% of saturation level as measured in the broth immediately prior to inoculation. Upon setting the fermentor control conditions, five Fernbach inoculum flasks were combined in a sterile 30 manner, into an 8 L aspirator bottle. This inoculum was then used for inoculation of a single, nominal, five-hundred gallon fermentor as described above. This procedure was repeated using 4 liters of inoculum so that one fermentor received four liters of inoculum and one fermenter received five liters of inoculum. Each fermentor ran for approximately 114 hours, at which time the fermentations were stopped. The broth pH was adjusted to 6.3 using 98% 35 sulfuric acid and transferred from the fermentors for recovery.

The two fermentors referred to above (pH= 6.3, having a ratio of hygromycin A to *epi*-hygromycin of approximately 51:1) were filtered on a ceramic filtration system. The filtrate (1450 gmsA, 506 gal) was loaded on a 70-gallon XAD-16 resin column. This column had been equilibrated previously with 4 bed volumes of a solution of trisodium phosphate buffer at 5 pH 6.0 ("buffer"). After loading, the column was washed with 2 bed volumes of buffer and 2 bed volumes of 80/20 buffer/methanol. The activity was subsequently eluted from the column with 10 cuts (approximately 50 gallons each) of a solution of 50/50 buffer/methanol. The active cuts (approximately 1240 gmsA) were combined and diluted to a final concentration of 10% methanol by the addition of 1200 gallons of buffer. The use of dilution (rather than rotary 10 evaporation) to reduce methanol concentration allowed the use of lower temperatures so as to minimize *epi*-hygromycin amounts, which tend to increase at higher temperatures. Half of this solution was loaded on a 40 liter CG-161 column (previously equilibrated with 4 bed volumes of a solution of 90/10 buffer/ methanol). After loading, the column was washed with 4 bed volumes of 80/20 buffer/methanol and eluted with 5.5 bed volumes of 50/50 buffer/ methanol. 15 After regeneration and re-equilibration of the column, the second half of the activity was loaded on the column and eluted as described above. The combined cuts from both the runs (120 liters, approximately 1051 gmsA) were diluted to 10% methanol by the addition of buffer. This was re-loaded on the regenerated and re-equilibrated CG-161 resin column. Once the activity was adsorbed on the column, it was eluted with 4 bed volumes of methanol. This step 20 served to both reduce the salts as well as increase the concentration of the sample prior to the final evaporation. The combined cuts from the final CG-161 column were evaporated to dryness to obtain a total of approximately 1 kgA of hygromycin A activity. The ratio of hygromycin A to *epi*-hygromycin in the final solids was about 14.5:1.

Experimental Procedures For Examples

25 Preparation of compound of formula 3:

A solution of hygromycin A (1 eq.) in dimethylformamide (DMF, 0.1 M) was treated with imidazole (10 eq) and *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl chloride (10 eq) at 35°C for 14-16 hours. The reaction was poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate (EtOAc). The combined extracts were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The product was obtained after 30 chromatography (5-15% EtOAc/hexanes).

Preparation of compound of formula 5:

A solution of the compound of the formula 3 (1 eq.) in dichloroethane was treated with phenylthionochloroformate (3 eq.), pyridine (5 eq) and dimethylaminopyridine (0.05 eq.) at room temperature for 2-3 days. At the end of this time the reaction was diluted with 35 methylene chloride, washed with 0.5 N HCl, saturated sodium bicarbonate and then brine.

The organics were dried over $MgSO_4$ and concentrated. The desired 2"-thionocarbonate was obtained after chromatography (5-10% EtOAc/hexanes).

5 A solution of the above 2"-thionocarbonate (1 eq.) in toluene (0.1 M) was treated with α,α' -azobis(isobutyronitrile)(1 eq.) and tri-n-butyltinhydride (3 eq.) at 90°C for 2 hours. The reaction was concentrated and chromatographed (5-10% EtOAc/hexanes) to provide the desired 2"-deoxy compound of formula 5.

Preparation of the oxime ethers, Examples 1-30.

10 A solution of the compound of the formula 4 (1 eq.) in methanol (0.1 M) was treated with the appropriate hydroxylamine at 60°C for 30 minutes to 1 hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the desired oximes were obtained after chromatography (generally 5-15% EtOAc/(toluene or hexanes)).

15 Removal of the silyl groups was accomplished by treatment of the above oxime with tetrabutylammonium fluoride (10 eq.) in tetrahydrofuran at room temperature for 12-24 h. The concentrated reaction mixture was passed through a bed of ion exchange resin (Dowex 400 35 g resin per g starting material), and then the desired oxime was obtained as a mixture of *E* and *Z* isomers after chromatography (generally 5-15% methanol/chloroform).

20 Alternatively, removal of the silyl groups was accomplished by addition of a solution of tetrahydrofuran, pyridine, hydrogen fluoride-pyridine complex (65ml, 16.5 ml, 8.25 ml; respectively) to a room temperature solution of the above oxime (6 mmole) in tetrahydrofuran (98 ml). The reaction was continued for 24-96 h and was quenched by the addition of solid sodium bicarbonate. The desired oxime was obtained as predominately the *E* isomer after chromatography (generally 5-15% methanol/chloroform).

In the case of example 10 compound of the formula 4 was deprotected by the above hydrogen fluoride-pyridine method.

25 Preparation of hydroxylamine reagents for synthesis of oxime ethers, Examples 1-30

The majority of hydroxylamine reagents employed were either commercially available (generally as an acid salt), or prepared from the corresponding alcohol or halide via the methods outlined below:

1) Preparation of phthalimide-protected hydroxylamines:

30 From the alcohol:

A Mitsunobu reaction with diethyl azodicarboxylate and triphenylphosphine was used to couple N-hydroxyphthalimide and the alcohol starting material, according to the procedure of E. Grochowski and J. Jurczak, *Synthesis* (1976) 682.

From the bromide or chloride:

35 Reaction of N-hydroxyphthalimide (1 equivalent) with the halide starting material (1.2 - 2 equivalents) was carried out in dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) solution, using potassium

carbonate (0.6 - 2 equivalents) as base. The reactions were carried out at room temperature, generally by stirring overnight. Pouring the reaction mixture into cold water provided a precipitate, which was filtered to give the phthalimide-protected hydroxylamine. In many cases, this material was directly deprotected; silica gel chromatography can also be 5 employed, using ethyl acetate-hexane mixtures, to purify the phthalimide-protected hydroxylamine.

2) Removal of the phthalimide protecting group to provide the hydroxylamine:

Deprotection of the phthalimide-protected hydroxylamine was effected by reaction with hydrazine hydrate (1 - 2 equivalents) in ethanol solution, at temperatures ranging from 10 room temperature to reflux, for periods ranging from 30 minutes to overnight. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate concentrated. This crude product was either taken to the next step as is or further purified. Mixing the crude product with chloroform, removing solids by filtration and removal of solvent from the filtrate removes additional phthalhydrazide. Alternatively, the crude product was dissolved in 1N hydrochloric acid, and washed with ether 15 or ethyl acetate. The aqueous layer was basified with saturated potassium carbonate solution and extracted with ether or ethyl acetate. Drying of the final organic layers and removal of solvent provided the hydroxylamine product.

3) Preparation of 4-phenyl-chloromethylthiazole

4-Phenyl-thiazole-2-carbaldehyde was prepared by a method analogous to K. Inami 20 and T. Shiba, Bull Chem Soc Jpn, 1985, 58, 352. The aldehyde was reduced to the corresponding alcohol using sodium borohydride in ethanol. The corresponding chloromethylthiazole was prepared by treatment of the alcohol with thionyl chloride (4 equivalents) in methylene chloride at room temperature for 2-5 hours.

4) Preparation α -substituted benzyl alcohols

25 1-(3-Chloro-2,6-difluoro-phenyl)-ethanol and other phenylethanol derivatives (examples 11,14,15,17,18) were prepared by treatment of the corresponding phenyl-carboxaldehyde with methylmagnesiumbromide (1 equivalent) in THF at room temperature. These were then converted to the corresponding benzyl bromides by treatment with 48% HBr for 1-4 hours.

30 1-(3-Chloro-2,6-difluoro-phenyl)-carboxaldehyde was prepared from 3-Chloro-2,6-difluorobenzene with lithium diisopropylamide and N,N-dimethylformamide in a method similar to A.S. Cantrell, *et al.*, J. Medicinal Chemistry 1996, 21,4261.

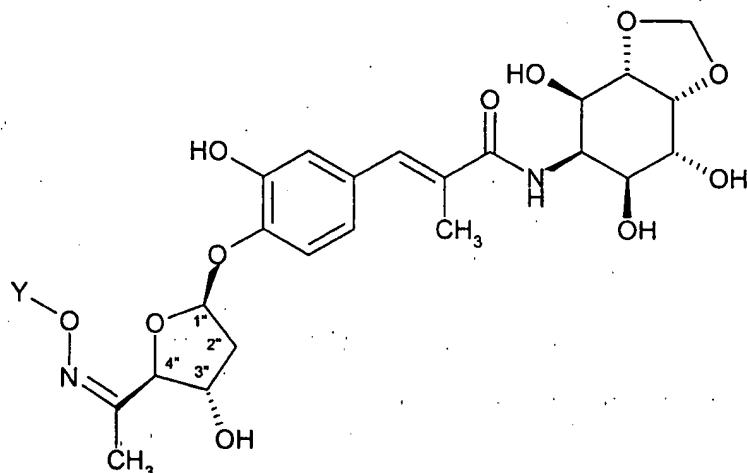
2,4-difluoropropiophenone (example 16) was reduced to the corresponding alcohol using sodium borohydride in ethanol.

35 5) Preparation of O-arylhydroxylamines:

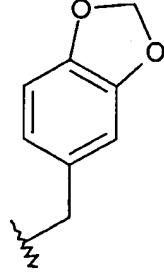
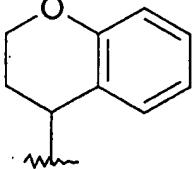
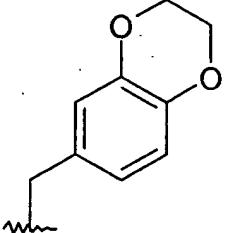
Substituted phenols were converted into the corresponding O-arylhydroxylamines through the use of mesitylenesulfonylhydroxylamine, as described by Y. Endo, K. Shudo and T. Okamoto, *Synthesis* 1980, 461.

Specific compounds prepared according to the above processes are illustrated in the 5 table below. In the table, "Ex" means example, "Stereo" means oxime stereochemistry, "Mol Wt" means molecular weight, and "Mass Spec" means mass spectrometry.

Table



Ex.	Y	Stereo	Mol Wt	Mass spec	1H NMR peaks (CD ₃ OD)
1	4-(chlorophenyl)methyl	E	635	635.1	δ = 7.34-7.24 (m, 5H), 7.00 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (s, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 2.57-2.52 (m, 1H), 2.29-2.11 (m, 1H), 2.11 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 1.80 (s, 3H).
2	phenylmethyl	E and Z	600.63	601.1	δ = 7.36-7.24 (m, 6H), 7.09 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.84-5.83 (m, 1H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 2.56-2.52 (m, 1H), 2.29-2.24 (m, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.78 (s, 3H).

Ex.	Y	Stereo	Mol Wt	Mass spec	1H NMR peaks (CD ₃ OD)
3		E and Z	644.64	645.2	δ = 7.24 (br s, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (br s, 1H), 6.86-6.73 (m, 4H), 5.91 (s, 2H), 5.90-5.82 (m, 1H), 4.96 (s, 2H), 2.6-2.5 (m, 1H), 2.2 (m, 1H), 2.11 (s, 1H), 1.77 (s, 1H).
4	3-(fluorophenyl)methyl	E	618.62	619.2	δ = 7.29-6.78 (6m, 8H), 5.81-5.80 (m, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 2.55-2.49 (m, 1H), 2.32-1.92 (m, 1H), 2.09 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 3H), 1.78 (s, 3H).
5		E and Z	642.67	643.2	δ = 7.28-7.11 (m, 4H), 6.91-6.75 (m, 4H), 5.87 (br d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 5.14-5.08 (m, 1H), 2.63-2.58 (m, 1H), 2.36-2.25 (m, 3H), 2.11 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 2.80-2.00 (m, 2H).
6	5-benzofuranyl methyl	E and Z	640.65	641.2	δ = 7.52-7.39 (2m, 2H), 7.25-7.14 (m, 3H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.8 (s, 1H), 6.80-7.73 (m, 2H), 5.81-5.80 (m, 1H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 2.55-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.64-2.18 (m, 1H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 1.77 (s, 3H).
7	(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)methyl	E and Z	648.65	649.2	δ = 7.24 (br s, 1H), 7.08-6.98 (m, 4H), 6.91 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.84-6.82 (m, 1H), 5.84-5.82 (m, 1H), 4.99 (s, 2H), 2.57-2.51 (m, 1H), 2.29-2.24 (m, 1H), 2.11 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 3H), 1.78 (s, 3H).
8		E and Z	658.67	659.2	δ = 7.24 (br s, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.84-6.73 (m, 4H), 5.84-5.83 (m, 1H), 4.94 (s, 2H), 2.57-2.53 (m, 1H), 2.29-2.15 (m, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.76 (s, 3H).

Ex.	Y	Stereo	Mol Wt	Mass spec	1H NMR peaks (CD ₃ OD)
9	(2,4-dimethoxy phenyl)methyl	E	660.7	661.2	δ = 7.22 (br s, 1H), 7.07-7.16 (m, 2H), 6.88 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (dd, J = 8.3 and 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.41-5.47 (m, 2H) 5.82 (dd, J = 5.2 and 1.6 Hz, 1H), 2.50-2.60 (m, 1H), 2.21-2.28 (m, 1H), 2.09 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 1.73 (s, 3H).
10	2"-deoxy-hygromycin A	E	495.49	496.2	δ = 7.22 (br s, 1H), 7.16 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (dd, J = 8.3 and 2.1 Hz, 1H), 5.89 (dd, J = 5.2 and 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.44-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.22-2.28 (m, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 2.09 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 3H)
11	(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl	E	632.65	633.2	δ = 7.24-7.31 (m, 2H), 6.81-7.11 (m, 6H), 5.80-5.83 (m, 1H), 5.19-5.26 (m, 2H), 2.46-2.53 (m, 1H), 2.20-2.62 (m, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 1.83 (s, 3H), 1.46-1.49 (m, 3H).
13	(4-phenylthiaazyl)methyl	E	683	684.2	δ = 7.85-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.41-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.23 (br s, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (dd, J = 8.5 and 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (m, 2H), 5.03 (s, 2H), 2.55-2.60 (m, 1H), 2.23-2.29 (m, 1H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.86
14	(2,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl	E	650.64	651.0	δ = 7.27-7.38 (m, 1H) 7.22 (br s, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J = 12.2 and 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.79-6.88 (m, 4H) 5.81-5.77 (m, 1H), 5.27-5.46 (m, 1H), 2.43-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.16-2.23 (m, 1H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 1.80 (2s, 3H), 1.45-1.47 (m, 3H).
15	(3,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl	E	650.64	651.1	δ = 7.24 (br s, 1H), 7.06-7.19 (m, 4H), 6.90 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H)

Ex.	Y	Stereo	Mol Wt	Mass spec	1H NMR peaks (CD ₃ OD)
					6.81-6.84 (m, 1H) 5.79-5.83 (m, 1H), 5.18-5.22 (m, 2H), 2.45-2.53 (m, 1H), 2.18-2.26 (m, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 1.82 (2s, 3H), 1.45-1.48 (m, 3H).
16	1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)propyl	E	664.66	665.0	δ = 7.25-7.29 (m, 1H) 7.22 (br s, 1H), 7.06 (dd, J = 14.8 and 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.78-6.88 (m, 4H), 5.76-5.80 (m, 1H), 5.24-5.30 (m, 1H), 2.42-2.49 (m, 1H), 2.16-2.23 (m, 1H), 2.10 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 1.81 (2s, 3H), 1.70-1.92 (m, 2H), 0.85-0.91 (m, 3H).
17	(3,5-difluorophenyl)ethyl	E	650.64	651.1	δ = 7.22 (br s, 1H), 7.04-7.07 (m, 1H), 6.74-6.88 (m, 5H) 5.76-5.81 (m, 1H), 5.17-5.21 (m, 2H), 2.44-2.53 (m, 1H), 2.16-2.24 (m, 1H), 2.08 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 3H), 1.82 (2s, 3H), 1.43-1.45 (m, 3H).
18	(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)ethyl	E	685.08	684.9, 687.0	δ = 7.31-7.39 (m, 1H) 7.24 (br s, 1H), 7.02-7.06 (m, 1H), 6.79-6.94 (m, 4H), 5.74-5.79 (m, 1H), 5.58-5.66 (m, 1H), 2.40-2.49 (m, 1H), 2.18-2.24 (m, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.79 (s, 3H), 1.59 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H).
19	(3,4-difluorophenyl)methyl	E	636.6	635.0	δ = 7.08-7.24 (m, 5H), 6.90 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.83-5.85 (m, 1H), 5.04 (br s, 1H) 2.51-2.56 (m, 1H), 2.22-2.29 (m, 1H), 2.11 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 3H), 1.80 (s, 3H).
20	(3,5-difluorophenyl)methyl	E	636.6	636.9	δ = 7.23 (br s, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.90-6.94 (m, 3H), 6.78-6.84 (m, 2H), 5.83 (dd, J = 5.2 and 1.8 Hz, 1H), 2.52-2.57 (m, 1H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 2.24-2.29 (m, 1H), 2.11 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 1.82 (s, 3H)

Ex.	Y	Stereo	Mol Wt	Mass spec	1H NMR peaks (CD ₃ OD)
21	(2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl	E	636.6	636.9	δ = 7.37-7.43 (m, 1H), 7.22 (br s, 1H), 7.07 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.86-6.91 (m, 3H), 6.81 (dd, J = 8.7 and 2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.81-5.83 (m, 1H), 5.08 (br s, 2H), 2.40-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.20-2.27 (m, 1H), 2.09 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 3H), 1.75 (s, 3H).
22	(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)methyl	E	671.05	670.9, 673.0	δ = 7.38-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.92-6.97 (m, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, J = 8.5 and 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (dd, J = 5.3 and 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (m, 2H), 2.48-2.53 (m, 1H), 2.19-2.26 (m, 1H), (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 3H), 1.70 (s, 3H).
23	3-chlorophenyl	E	621.04	620.9, 622.2	δ = 7.14-7.24 (m, 4H), 7.01-7.08 (m, 1H), 6.92-6.97 (m, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (dd, J = 8.3 and 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.92 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 2.62-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.28-2.35 (m, 1H), 2.11 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 3H), 1.97 (s, 3H).
24	3-fluorophenyl	E	604.59	605.0	δ = 7.13-7.26 (m, 3H), 6.83-6.95 (m, 4H), 6.67-6.71 (m, 1H), 5.92 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.63-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.30-2.35 (m, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 3H).
25	3,5-chlorophenyl	E	655.49	654.9, 657.0, 659.0	δ = 7.11-7.21 (m, 4H), 6.99-7.01 (m, 1H), 6.81-6.89 (m, 1H), 5.89-5.91 (m, 1H), 2.61-2.66 (m, 1H), 2.27-2.34 (m, 1H), 2.09 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 3H), 1.95 (s, 3H).
26	(3,5-dichlorophenyl)methyl	E	669.51	668.9, 670.8, 672.0	δ = 7.24-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H),

Ex.	Y	Stereo	Mol Wt	Mass spec	1H NMR peaks (CD ₃ OD)
					2.51-2.56 (m, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 2.22-2.29 (m, 1H), 2.11(S, 3H), 1.82 (s, 3H).
27	(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)methyl	E	653.06	652.9, 655.1	δ = 7.41 (dd J = 7.3 and 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.22 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (dd, J = 8.5 and 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.79-6.82 (m, 1H), 5.80 (m, 1H), 5.02 (s, 2H), 2.48-2.5 (m, 1H), 2.24-2.25 (m, 1H), 2.09 (d,
28	(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl	E	669.51	668.9, 670.9 672.1	δ = 7.44 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.20-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.06 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (dd, J = 8.7 and 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.81(dd, J = 5.2 and 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (s, 2H), 2.48-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.20-2.27 (m, 1H), 2.09 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (s, 3H).
29	(3-chloro-5-fluorophenyl)methyl	E	653.06	653.0, 655.0	δ = 7.21 (br s, 1H), 7.15 (br s, 1H), 7.04-7.08 (m, 2H), 7.00 (br d, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (dd, J = 8.6 and 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (dd J = 5.2 and 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 2.49-2.55 (m, 1H), 2.09-2.27 (m, 1H), 2.09 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 3H), 1.80 (s, 3H).
30	(4-chloro-5-fluorophenyl)methyl	E	653.06	653.0, 654.9	δ = 7.36 (dd, J = 8.1 and 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.22 (br s, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J = 10.0 and 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (br d, 1H), 7.05 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1 H), 6.80 (dd, J = 8.6 and 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (dd, 1.7 and 5.2 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (s, 2H 2.20-2.27 (m, 1H).

The synthetic procedures described below may also be useful in preparing the compounds of the present invention.

Preparation of miscellaneous alcohol starting materials used in synthesis of hydroxylamines:

- 5 Alcohol starting materials may be obtained by reduction of more highly oxidized commercially available compounds. 4-Cyclohexyl benzoic acid may be reduced with lithium aluminum hydride (2.3 equivalents) in tetrahydrofuran to provide the corresponding alcohol. 3-(4-Chlorophenyl)propionic acid may be reduced to the corresponding alcohol using diborane (1.1 equivalents) in tetrahydrofuran at 0°C to room temperature for 5 hours. 3-
- 10 Trifluoromethoxybenzaldehyde, 3-cyanobenzaldehyde, benzofuran-2-carboxaldehyde, 1,4-benzodioxan-6-carboxaldehyde, and 3-fluoro-4-methoxybenzaldehyde may be reduced to the alcohol derivatives using sodium borohydride in tetrahydrofuran.

Magnesium sulfate (4 equivalents) in methylene chloride may be treated with concentrated sulfuric acid (1 equivalent), followed by 4-chloromethylbenzoic acid (1 equivalent) and tert-butanol (5.1 equivalents). Stirring overnight at room temperature provides the tert-butyl ester.

- 15 4-Amino-3,5-dichlorobenzoic acid may be N-acetylated by treatment with acetyl chloride (1.2 equivalents) in dimethylformamide at 90°C for 4 hours. The cooled reaction mixture may be poured into cold water, chilled and filtered to provide the acetamide derivative.
- 20 Reduction of the carboxylic acid was effected with lithium aluminum hydride (2 equivalents) in tetrahydrofuran at 0°C for 2 hours, provides N-(2,6-dichloro-4-hydroxymethyl-phenyl)acetamide.

The amino groups of 3-amino-benzyl alcohol and 4-aminomethyl-benzyl alcohol may be protected as the N-tert-BOC derivatives by treatment with di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (1.1 equivalent) in tetrahydrofuran (THF) at reflux until the starting amino compound is consumed.

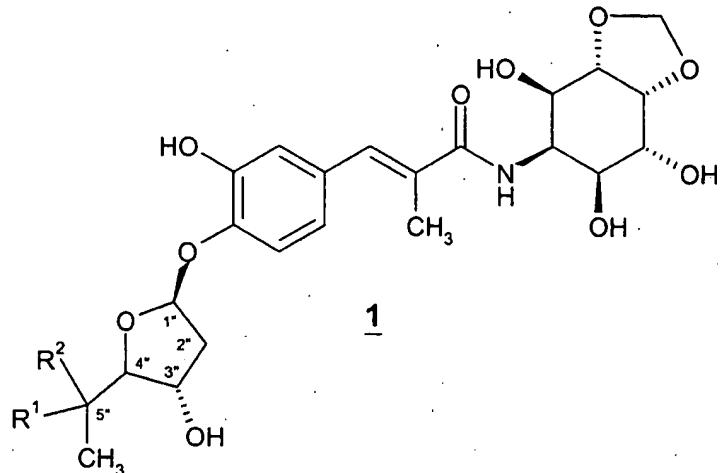
- 25 Reaction of ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate with piperidine (3 equivalents) in acetonitrile may be carried out at reflux for 4 days. Dilution of the cooled reaction mixture with several volumes of water provides a precipitate, which may be filtered to provide ethyl 4-(piperidin-1-yl)benzoate. Reduction of the ester with lithium aluminum hydride (2 equivalents) in tetrahydrofuran provides the corresponding alcohol.
- 30 5-Hydroxymethylbenzofuran may be prepared according to the procedure of K. Hiroya, K. Hashimura and K. Ogasawara, *Heterocycles* (1994) 38, 2463.

- 35 2-Phenylpyrimidine-5-carboxaldehyde may be prepared according to the procedure of J. T. Gupton, J.E. Gall, S. W. Riesinger et al., *J. Heterocyclic Chemistry* (1991) 28, 1281. The aldehyde may be reduced to the corresponding alcohol using sodium borohydride in methanol.

Other methods that may be followed to prepare the various compounds of the present invention are described in the United States provisional patent application entitled "Hygromycin A Derivatives" (attorney docket number PC 10057), referred to above.

CLAIMS

1. A compound of the formula



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug, or solvate thereof wherein:

5 R^1 is H and R^2 is $-NR^3R^4$, $-NR^4C(O)R^3$, $-OC(O)NR^3R^4$ or $-OR^3$;
 or R^1 and R^2 are taken together to form $=O$, $=N-OR^3$, $=CR^4R^3$, $=CR^4C(O)R^3$,
 $=CR^4C(O)OR^3$, or $=CR^4C(O)NR^3R^4$;

each R^3 is independently selected from H, C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_2-C_{10} alkenyl, $-(CH_2)_t(C_3-C_{10}$
 cycloalkyl), $-(CH_2)_t(C_6-C_{10}$ aryl), and $-(CH_2)_t$ (4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein t is an
 10 integer ranging from 0 to 5, said alkyl group optionally contains 1 or 2 hetero moieties
 selected from O, $-S(O)_j$ - wherein j is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, and $-N(R^7)-$ with the
 proviso that two O atoms, two S atoms, or an O and S atom are not attached directly to each
 other; said cycloalkyl, aryl and heterocyclic R^3 groups are optionally fused to a benzene ring,
 a C_5-C_8 saturated cyclic group, or a 4-10 membered heterocyclic group; the $-(CH_2)_t$ - moieties
 15 of the foregoing R^3 groups optionally include a carbon-carbon double or triple bond where t is
 an integer between 2 and 5; and the foregoing R^3 groups, except H but including any optional
 fused rings referred to above, are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 R^5 groups;

each R^4 is independently H or C_1-C_{10} alkyl;

each R^5 is independently selected from C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{10} cycloalkyl, halo, cyano,
 20 nitro, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, azido, $-OR^6$, $-C(O)R^6$, $-C(O)OR^6$, $-NR^7C(O)OR^9$,
 $-OC(O)R^6$, $-NR^7SO_2R^9$, $-SO_2NR^6R^7$, $-NR^7C(O)R^6$, $-C(O)NR^6R^7$, $-NR^6R^7$, $-S(O)_j(CH_2)_m(C_6-C_{10}$
 aryl), $-S(O)_j(C_1-C_6$ alkyl), wherein j is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, $-(CH_2)_m(C_6-C_{10}$ aryl),
 $-O(CH_2)_m(C_6-C_{10}$ aryl), $-NR^7(CH_2)_m(C_6-C_{10}$ aryl), and $-(CH_2)_m$ (4-10 membered heterocyclic),
 wherein m is an integer ranging from 0 to 4; said alkyl group optionally contains 1 or 2 hetero
 25 moieties selected from O, $-S(O)_j$ - wherein j is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, and $-N(R^7)-$ with
 the proviso that two O atoms, two S atoms, or an O and S atom are not attached directly to

each other; said cycloalkyl, aryl and heterocyclic R⁵ groups are optionally fused to a C₆-C₁₀ aryl group, a C₅-C₈ saturated cyclic group, or a 4-10 membered heterocyclic group; and said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl and heterocyclic R⁵ groups are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, difluoromethoxy, 5 trifluoromethoxy, azido, -NR⁷SO₂R⁹, -SO₂NR⁶R⁷, -C(O)R⁶, -C(O)OR⁶, -OC(O)R⁶, -NR⁷C(O)OR⁹, -NR⁷C(O)R⁶, -C(O)NR⁶R⁷, -NR⁶R⁷, -OR⁶, C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, -(CH₂)_m(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), and -(CH₂)_m(4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein m is an integer ranging from 0 to 4;

each R⁶ is independently selected from H, C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_m(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), and -(CH₂)_m(4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein m is an integer ranging from 0 to 10; said alkyl group optionally includes 1 or 2 hetero moieties selected from O, -S(O)_j-, wherein j is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, and -N(R⁷)- with the proviso that two O atoms, two S atoms, or an O and S atom are not attached directly to each other; said cycloalkyl, aryl and heterocyclic R⁶ groups are optionally fused to a C₆-C₁₀ aryl group, a C₅-C₈ saturated cyclic group, or a 4-10 membered heterocyclic group; and the foregoing R⁶ substituents, except H, 15 are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, azido, -C(O)R⁷, -C(O)OR⁷, -OC(O)R⁷, -NR⁷C(O)R⁸, -C(O)NR⁷R⁸, -NR⁷R⁸, hydroxy, C₁-C₆ alkyl, and C₁-C₆ alkoxy;

each R⁷ and R⁸ is independently H or C₁-C₆ alkyl; and,

R⁹ is selected from the substituents provided in the definition of R⁵ except H.

20 2. A compound according to claim 1 wherein R¹ and R² are taken together to form =N-OR³, and R³ is C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₂-C₄ alkenyl, -(CH₂)_t(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) or -(CH₂)_t(4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein t is an integer ranging from 0 to 3, the heterocyclic group is optionally fused to a benzene ring, the aryl group is optionally fused to a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, and the foregoing R³ groups, including said optionally fused moieties, are optionally 25 substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from nitro, halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, trifluoromethyl, acetamido, *tert*-butoxycarbonylamino, *tert*-butoxycarbonylaminomethyl, *tert*-butoxycarbonyl, -NR⁶R⁷, phenyl, cyclohexyl, carboxy, aminomethyl, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, piperidinyl, morpholino, phenoxy, and phenylthio.

30 3. A compound according to claim 1 wherein R¹ and R² are taken together to form =N-OR³, and R³ is -(CH₂)_t(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) or -(CH₂)_t(4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein t is an integer ranging from 0 to 3, the heterocyclic group is optionally fused to a benzene ring, the aryl group is optionally fused to a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, and the foregoing R³ groups, including said optionally fused moieties, are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from nitro, halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, trifluoromethyl, 35 acetamido, *tert*-butoxycarbonyl, *tert*-butoxycarbonylamino, -NR⁶R⁷, phenyl, cyclohexyl,

carboxy, *tert*-butoxycarbonylaminomethyl, aminomethyl, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, piperidinyl, morpholino, phenoxy, and phenylthio.

4. A compound according to claim 1 wherein R¹ is H, R² is -NR³R⁴, R⁴ is H or methyl, and R³ is -(CH₂)_t(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) or -(CH₂)_t(4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein t is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, and the R³ group is optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, and trifluoromethyl.

5. A compound according to claim 1 wherein R¹ is H, R² is -NR⁴C(O)R³, R⁴ is H, and R³ is C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_t(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) or -(CH₂)_t(4-10 membered heterocyclic), wherein t is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, the aryl group is optionally fused to a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, the heterocyclic group is optionally fused to a benzene ring, and the foregoing R³ groups, including said optionally fused moieties, are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, and trifluoromethyl.

10 6. A compound according to claim 1 wherein R¹ and R² are taken together to form =CR⁴C(O)OR³ or =CR⁴C(O)NR³R⁴, R⁴ is H, and R³ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_t(4-10 membered heterocyclic), or -(CH₂)_t(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) wherein t is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, the aryl group is optionally fused to a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, the heterocyclic group is optionally fused to a benzene ring, and the foregoing R³ groups, except H but including said optionally fused moieties, are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, -NR⁶R⁷ and trifluoromethyl.

20 7. A compound according to claim 1 wherein R¹ is H, R² is -OR³, and R³ is C₁-C₄ alkyl, -(CH₂)_t(4-10 membered heterocyclic), or -(CH₂)_t(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) wherein t is an integer ranging from 1 to 2, the aryl group is optionally fused to a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, the heterocyclic group is optionally fused to a benzene ring, and the foregoing R³ groups, including said optionally fused moieties, are optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, cyclohexyl, cyano, trifluoromethyl, benzyloxy and trifluoromethyl.

25 8. A compound according to claim 1 wherein R¹ is H, R² is -OC(O)NR³R⁴, R⁴ is H, and R³ is -(CH₂)_t(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) wherein t is an integer ranging from 0 to 2, and the R³ group is optionally substituted by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from halo, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkyl, and trifluoromethyl.

30 9. A compound according to claim 1 wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of:

35 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulose-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (Z)-O-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(benzofuran-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(benzofuran-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-phenylmethyloxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-phenylmethyloxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-pyridinyl)methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[cyclohexylmethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(furan-3-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(furan-3-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-cyclohexylphenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-aminophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-aminomethyl)phenyl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)propyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)propyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)methyl]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-(1-piperidinyl)phenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[4-[2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2-phenylthio)ethyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(benzofuran-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(benzofuran-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2-phenylpyrimidin-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,4-dihydro-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(5,6-dideoxy-5-(methyl(phenylmethyl)amino-a-L-*galacto*-furanos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(5,6-dideoxy-5-phenylamino-a-L-*galacto*-furanos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy-5-O-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]- β -D-*ribo*-furanos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(furan-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(5-methyl- β -D-*erythro*-hept-5-(*E*)-enofuranuron-1-ylid acid)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, ethyl ester;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[[N-(furan-2-yl)methyl]-5-methyl- β -D-*erythro*-hept-5-(*E*)-enofuranuron-1-yl-amide)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[3-(phenyl)propyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(2-propen-1-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(2-propen-1-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-methylphenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy-5-O-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]- β -D-*ribo*-furanos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[diphenylmethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy-5-phenylcarbamate- β -D-*ribo*-furanos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy-5-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]carbamate- β -D-*ribo*-furanos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chloro-5-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chloro-5-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(5-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-chloro-3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-chloro-3-fluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-chloro-1,3-benzodioxol-6-yl)methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-chloro-1,3-benzodioxol-6-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(5-chloro-1,3-benzodioxol-6-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(5-chloro-1,3-benzodioxol-6-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-chloro-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-chloro-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-yl)methyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(7-chloro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(7-chloro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(7-fluoro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(7-fluoro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(8-chloro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(8-chloro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(6-chloro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(6-chloro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(8-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(8-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(6-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(6-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1-benzopyran-4-yl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(quinolin-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(quinolin-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(quinolin-3-yl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(quinolin-3-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-phenylmethyl)phenylmethyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-phenylmethyl)phenylmethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-phenoxy)phenylmethyl]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-phenoxy)phenylmethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-phenoxy)phenylmethyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-Phenylthiaz-2-yl) methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-Phenylthiaz-2-yl) methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)propyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)propyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[1-(3,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[1-(3,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[1-(3,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[1-(3,5-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[1-(3,5-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[1-(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[1-(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)ethyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[1-(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[1-(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(6-deoxy- β -D-*arabino*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3,5-dichlororophenyl)]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(6-deoxy- β -D-*arabino*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(6-deoxy- β -D-*arabino*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chlorophenyl)]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5-[[3-[4-[(6-deoxy- β -D-*arabino*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-fluororophenyl)]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(phenyl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(phenyl)oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,1,3-benzoxadiazol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,1,3-benzoxadiazol-5-yl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

20 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,3-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

25 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,3-difluorophenyl)methyl]oxime;

30 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-phenyl-furan-3-yl)methyl]oxime;

35 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-phenyl-furan-3-yl)methyl]oxime;

40 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(4-phenyl-furan-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

45 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-*neo*-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(4-phenyl-furan-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(2,3-difluoro-6-methoxyphenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(2,3-difluoro-6-methoxyphenyl)methyl]oxime;

5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(3-chloro-thiophen-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

10 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(3-chloro-thiophen-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

15 5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*E*)-O-[(5-chloro-thiophen-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

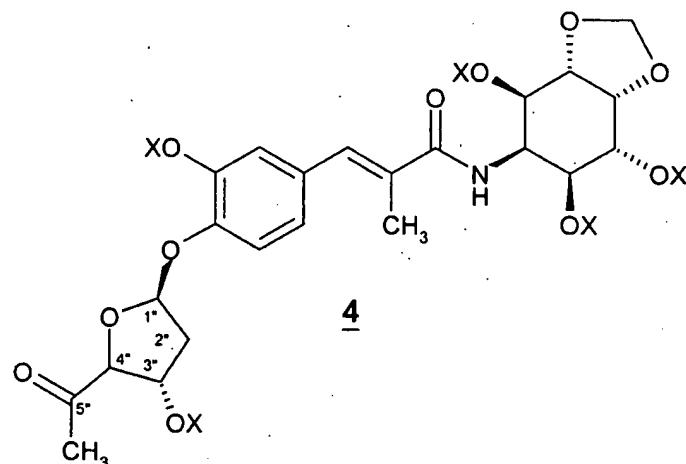
5-Deoxy-5[4-[(2,6-dideoxy- β -D-*erythro*-hexofuranos-5-ulos-1-yl)oxy]-3-hydroxyphenyl]-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-(*E*)-propenyl]amino]-1,2-O-methylene-D-neo-inositol, (*Z*)-O-[(5-chloro-thiophen-2-yl)methyl]oxime;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs and solvates of said compounds.

20 10. A pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of a bacterial infection, a protozoal infection, or a disorder related to a bacterial infection or a protozoal infection, in a mammal, fish, or bird which comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

25 11. A method of treating a bacterial infection, a protozoal infection, or a disorder related to a bacterial infection or a protozoal infection, in a mammal, fish, or bird which comprises administering to said mammal, fish or bird a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

12. A method of preparing a compound of claim 1 wherein R¹ and R² are taken together to form =N-OR³ which comprises treating a compound of the formula 4



wherein X is a protecting group, with a hydroxylamine of the formula H_2N-OR^3 , or a salt of said hydroxylamine, where R^3 is as defined above, in an inert solvent with the optional addition of base if the salt of the hydroxylamine is used, at a temperature ranging from about 0°C to 65°C
5 and subsequent deprotection using a fluoride source.

13. The method of claim 12 wherein said inert solvent is methanol, ethanol or pyridine, or a mixture of the foregoing solvents, said optional bases is Na_2CO_3 or K_2CO_3 , said temperature range is from 50°C to 60°C, and said fluoride source is tetrabutylammonium fluoride or hydrogen fluoride-pyridine complex.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/IB 99/00611

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
 IPC 6 C07H15/26 A61K31/70

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
 IPC 6 C07H A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	HECKER, S. J. ET AL.: "Hygromycin A: preparation of aminocyclitol analogs" BIOORG. MED. CHEM. LETT., vol. 2, 1992, pages 1043-6, XP002107043 ---	1-13
A	HECKER, S. J. : "Semisynthetic modifications of hygromycin A" BIOORG. MED. CHEM. LETT., vol. 2, 1992, pages 1015-8, XP002107044 ---	1-13
A	JAYNES, B. H. ET AL.: "Synthesis and in vitro antibacterial activity of hygromycin A analogs modified at the C4' aryl position" BIOORG. MED. CHEM. LETT., vol. 3, no. 8, 1993, pages 1531-6, XP002107045 ---	1-13
		-/-

Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

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"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

Date of mailing of the international search report

24 June 1999

20/07/1999

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/IB 99/00611

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN vol. 014, no. 115 (C-0696), 5 March 1990 & JP 01 316393 A (TAKEDA CHEM IND LTD), 21 December 1989 see abstract -----	1-13